ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1.00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measures a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged ten cents a line for each insertion.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

Business Directory.

BEAVER.

JOHN MOORE, *Druggist* and dealer in paints, oils, pure medical Wines and Liquors, Glassware, Lamps and Fancy Goods; Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. sep8ly

J. D. FAST, Dealer in Groceries, Flour, Feed, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars, (sep8ly

HENRY MERZ, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters; Main st. [sep8ly

BEAVER DRUG STORE, Hugo Andriessen, Druggist & Apothecary, Main st. Prescriptions carefully compounded. (sep8ly

S. J. ANDERSON, Dealer in the improved Wilson Shuttle Sewing Machine, Main st. See card in another column. sep8ly

BEACOM Mrs. E. H., Dealer in Millinery Goods & Trimmings; cor 3d st. and Diamond. sp8ly

JAMES MOORE, Grocery & Restaurant Choice Teas, Best Coffees, Tobacco and Cigars, Confectionery and Vegetables, Main st. sep8ly

D. ASSHUTZ, Dealer in Tinware, Stoves, Grates, &c. West end 3d st. sep8ly

T. W. DEVORE, Insurance agent, Beaver, Pa. Call and get your property insured. oct8ly

PITTSBURGH.

MORGANSTERN, Dealer in Boots & Shoes, No 86 Market St., Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14ly

CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, opposite Post Office. Publishers of the "Real Estate Register," sent free, Pittsburgh. [sep14ly

J. HENDERSON & BROS., Wholesale Druggists, 298 Liberty st. Pittsburgh. sep14ly

J. RAMALEY'S ATPARLOR, 23 Fifth Avenue, (near Market St.) Pittsburgh. [sep14ly

S. A. CLARKE & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 110 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14ly

JOSEPH HORNE & CO, 77 & 79 Market st., Pittsburgh—Importers and dealers in Notions, Trimmings, Hosiery, White Goods, &c. [sep14ly

REYMER & BROTHERS, French and American Confectioners, Dealers in nuts, fruits, &c. 126, 128, 130 Wood St. Pittsburgh. [sep14ly

S. MOORE, Dealer in choice Teas, Coffees & Family Groceries, No 29 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh. sep14ly

JOHN BIGGERT & SON, Dealers in the New Weed Family Sewing Machines. 116 Market Street, Pittsburgh. sep14ly

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO., Dealers in Carpet Oil Cloths, Special rates to Clergy. 23 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh. [sep14ly

E. P. Successor to J. M. ROBINSON, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry & Silver ware, No 16 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh. [sep14ly

W. A. LYONS, House and Sign Painter, writes to order Show Cards for every business. No. 7 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. [sep14ly

T. C. FULTON, Manufacturer of and Dealer in Furniture and Chairs—Rosewood, Walnut, Mahogany and Oak. 45 Smithfield st. [oct13ly

NEW BRIGHTON.

DRUGS.—GILLILAND & KERR, Druggists and Apothecaries, cor. Broadway and Falls sts., New Brighton, Pa. (Successors to L. B. Noble.) dec2ly

GEO. E. SIMSON, Bakery & Confectionery, Broadway. Special attention given to weddings and balls. [sep14ly

S. & J. SNELLENBERG, Merchant Tailors, Broadway, New Brighton. Sep 4dv-[sp14ly

A. M. WHISLER, Dentist; Broadway, New Brighton. [sep14ly

H. NOSS, Photographer, Wilson's Block, Broadway. Best photographs from re-touched negatives. [sep14ly

WINTER & BEDISON, Jewelers and Tobacconists, Broadway, N. Brighton. [sep14ly

J. HOFFTER, Groceries, Queensware and Household Goods, Broadway. [sep14ly

IVAN PUGH, Dealer in Wall Paper, Window Blinds, Books, Stationery & Notions; Broadway, New Brighton, Pa. [sep14ly

SCHIFF & STEINFELD, Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Goods & Notions, Merchant Tailors & Clothiers, Broadway. [sep14ly

BEAVER FALLS.

WILLIAM ROBERTSON, Dealer in Improved Howe Sewing Machines. Main St., Beaver Falls. sep14ly

MRS. E. KING, Dry Goods, Queensware and Millinery, corner of Main and Baker streets, Beaver Falls. sep14ly

KENDALL & TANNEY, Artists & Fresco Painters, Paper Hanging, House and Sign Painters, Main St., Beaver Falls. sep28ly

A. FLEMING, Dealer in Boots and Shoes of every description, at low prices, and a share of the public. Main St. Beaver Falls, Pa. jan16ly

BRIDGEWATER.

A. BREHM, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., Dealer in Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silver-Ware, Spectacles, &c. Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired. [feb15-76ly

DANIEL MILLER, Fashionable Tailor. None but ex'cellenced workmen employed. Shop on Bridge st., Bridgewater, Pa. feb8-76ly

JAMES PORTER, Tinner, Dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron ware, and Iron Cistern Pumps. Bridge st, Bridgewater. [sep14ly

C. SLATTERY, Manufacturer and Dealer in Boots and Shoes. Bridge St., Bridgewater, sep14ly

A. C. HURST, Dry Goods, Hats, Caps, Fure, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Trimmings. Bridge St., Bridgewater, Pa. sep14ly

J. H. DOHERTY, Dealer in Boots and Shoes. Bridge street, Bridgewater. sep14ly

J. HANAUER, Millinery, Trimmings & Notions Bridge st., Bridgewater. sep14ly

F. WEINMAN, Manufacture of Boots and Shoes. Bridge St., Bridgewater. [sep14ly

MRS. BRUEN, Gentlemen's Clothing cleansed and repaired. Wood St. above Bridge. sep14ly

JOHN WOODRUFF, Marble Cutter; Monuments & Tombstones of all descriptions made to order. B. Market and Water streets. (sep14ly

J. STILES & CO, Grocers, Queensware, Wines, Liquors, Iron City Feed & Country Produce, Fronk's corner, Bridge St. Bridgewater. [sep14ly

HIRAM MEANOR, Dealer in Monongahela Coal. Orders left at B. Clark's, in Beaver, and at Smith's Drug Store, in Bridgewater, will be promptly attended to. Cash on delivery—Lowest price Yard—McDonald's Point. sep28ly

ROCHESTER.

HANKINS—Dealer in Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, and agents for Singer's Sewing machine; New York and R. R. St. Rochester. (feb23ly

SIGMUND GROTZ, Gunsmith, New work, of the best material, made to order. All work warranted. Repairing neatly done. Price Logan Anam St., Rochester, Pa. jan31ly

WILL SMITH & CO., Fancy Dry Goods, Notions and Millinery. Madison st., near Diamond, Rochester, Pa. [sep14ly

HENRY LAPP, Manufacturer and Dealer in Furniture of all kinds, Brighton st., near Piano Factory. See advt. [sep14ly

JOHN KARCHER, Baker and Confectioner,—Water st., Rochester, Pa. [sep14ly

GRAHAM BOYD, Wagon & Carriage Maker, Railroad st., Rochester, Pa. [sep14ly

SAMUEL C. HANNEN, Druggist. Prescriptions carefully compounded. Water st., Rochester. [sep14ly

DR. SWINANS, Electrical Physician. Chronic diseases made a specialty. Office, corner of Diamond and Bridge sts., Rochester. [sep14ly

SPEYERER & SONS, Wholesale & Retail Dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Grain, Boots & Shoes, Iron & Nails. Cor. Water & James sts.

G. FREDERICK, Baker and Confectioner,—Wedding Cakes and Ice Cream furnished promptly. On Diamond, Rochester. (sep14ly

FOR SALE by A. SILVERMAN, Headquarters for Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods, Notions, Trimmings and Fancy Goods generally, Water street, Rochester, Pa. [sep14ly

M. MILLER & CO., Contractors and Builders, Manufacturers of Sash, Doors, Shutters &c. Deal in Lumber Lath &c. Rochester. [sep28ly

SCOTT, BOYLE & WILLIAMS, Successors to C. Lakin & Co., Dealers in Sawed and Planed Lumber, Lath & Shingles, Rochester. sep28ly

POWER'S LIVERY STABLE & COAL YARD, Eleventh R. R. station and Ohio river. oct6ly

CHROPP CHAS., Manufacturer of and dealer in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Ware. Roofing, Spouting, &c., attended to. N. York st. oct13ly

STEFFLER & CLARK, proprietors of Johnston House. Good accommodations and good stables. Near R. R. Depot. jan16ly

J. D. MILLER, dealer in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, &c. Repairing done neatly and promptly. Store on the Diamond, Rochester, Pa. oct13ly

J. WALTER & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Wagons, Coaches, Buggies, Spring-wagons, Sulkeys, &c. Blacksmithing and horseshoeing done in the best manner, Rochester, Pa. no6ly

EAST LIVERPOOL, O.

JAKE STUNKLE, A general assortment of Groceries, Queensware, Stoneware, Canned Fruits, &c. Cor. 3d & Broadway, East Liverpool, Ohio. nov3ly

JOSIAH THOMPSON & CO.—Dealers in Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Queensware, &c. Cor. Broadway & Cook sts. E. Liverpool. (nov3ly

M. S. HILL, Druggist, Walnut st., near R. R. Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. feb1ly

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN THORNILEY, Manufacturer of the Great Republic Cooking Stove, and Patentee of Portable extension top and centre. Fallston, Pa.

ALBERT RUSSELL, Stoneware Manufacturer. Orders promptly attended to. Vanport, Pa. Post office address—Beaver, Pa. [sep14ly

HAVING Permanently located in the village of Zelienople, Pa., for the purpose of practicing Medicine, I respectfully tender my professional services to the citizens of said village and vicinity. Office, in residence, opposite Eagle Hotel, where I shall always be found, unless professionally engaged. All calls will receive immediate and prompt attention. A. V. CUNNINGHAM, M. D. [sep21-3m]

J. LINNENBRINK, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Periodicals and Stationery. Watches and clocks repaired. Agent for the "WEED" Sewing Machine, Rochester Pa. n13-6m

BANKING-HOUSE. THOMAS M'CREERY & CO.

THOS. M'CREERY, Cashier. J. F. BRAVO, J. H. ANGEL, J. H. M'CREERY.

Interest paid on time deposits; Prompt attention given to collections. Also, Insurance Agents for reliable and reliable Companies. [may1-ly

J. S. McNUTT, M. D., Having permanently located in Beaver, would respectfully tender his professional services to the citizens of Beaver and surrounding country. Special attention paid to the treatment of female diseases. Surgery done with a skillful hand. Office on Third street, a few doors west of the Court House. apr20,'70-6m

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 53—No. 11. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, March 15, 1871. Established 1818.

THE BEAVER ARGUS is published every Wednesday morning, at the old Argus building on Third Street, Beaver, Pa., at $2.50 per year in advance.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention favors of this kind must be accompanied by the name of the author.

Letters and communications should be addressed to D. T. STEVENSON, Beaver, Pa.

Miscellaneous.

JAS. CAMERON, Attorney at Law Beaver, Pa. Office in the room formerly occupied by the late Judge Adams. Collections, &c., promptly attended to. sep28-ly

Sixty-Five First Prize Medals Awarded.

THE GREAT Baltimore Piano Manufactory

WILLIAM KNABE & CO., *Manufacturers of* GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT

PIANO FORTES, *BALTIMORE, MD.*

These Instruments have been before the public for nearly Thirty years, and upon their excellence alone attained *an unparalleled pre-eminence* which pronounces them unequalled. Their

TONE

combines great power, sweetness and fine singing quality, as well as great purity of intonation, and evenness throughout the entire scale. Their

TOUCH

is pliant and elastic, and entirely free from the stiffness found in so many Pianos.

In Workmanship

they are unequalled, using none but the very best SEASONED MATERIAL, the large capital employed in our business enabling us to keep an immense stock of lumber, &c., on hand.

☞ All our SQUARE PIANOS have our New Improved Over Strung Scale and the *Agraffe Treble.*

☞ We would call special attention to our late improvements in GRAND PIANOS and SQUARE GRANDS; PATENTED Apr. 14, 1868, which bring the Piano nearer perfection than has yet been attained.

Every Piano Fully Warranted for Five Years.

We have made arrangements for the *Sole Wholesale Agency* for the most Celebrated PARLOR ORGANS and MELODEONS, which we offer for Wholesale and Retail, at Lowest Factory Prices. WILLIAM KNABE & CO.

sep28-6m *Baltimore, Md.*

Instant Relief For The Asthma.

Having been afflicted with that terrible complaint—completely unfitting me for business for weeks at a time—for the last twelve years, and at last found a remedy that

Instant and Complete Relief,

have concluded to have it prepared for sale, so that others similarly afflicted can receive the benefit of it, assuring them that

It will do all, and more than all promised for it;

and, that persons once using, will never be without it.

As numerous others who have used it can testify.

Can be had at the Drug Store of WILLIAM H. BURCHFIELD, Rochester, Pa., or will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of one dollar, and ten cents to pay postage. CHAS. B. BUIST. nov16,'70-ly Rochester, Beaver county, Pa.

WANTED—A General Agent for Beaver county, for the Guardian Mutual Life Insurance Company, of New York. Liberal inducements to the right man. For terms and circulars, address Smith, Roberts & Hollingshead, Managers, South-east corner 5th and Walnut streets, Philadelp'a. [nov9-4t

B. S. RANGER, *Bridge Street,* BRIDGEWATER, PA.

IS WEEKLY RECEIVING A FRESH SUPPLY OF GOODS IN EACH OF THE FOLLOWING DEPARTMENTS:

DRY GOODS.

Steubenville Jeans,
Cassimeres and Sattinets,
White Woollen blankets,
White and Colored and Barred Flannels,
Merinos,
Delaines,
Plaids,
Ginghams,
Cobergs,
Lawns,
Water Proofs,
Chinchilla,
Cloths,
Woollen Shawls

Brown and Black Muslins,
Drillings, Tickings,
Prints,
Canton
Flannels,
Jaconets,
Table Linen,
Irish Linen,
Crash,
Counterpanes,
Hosiery,
Gloves
& Mitts.

Groceries,

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, White Silver Drips, Golden and Common Syrups, Mackerel in barrels and kits, Star and Tallow Candles, Soap, Spices and Mince Meat. Also, SALT.

Hardware, Nails, Glass,

Door Locks, Door Latches, Hinges, Screws, Table Cutlery, Tea and Tea Spoons, Sleigh Bells, Coal Boxes, Fire Shovels and Pokers, Nails and Glass, Spades, Shovels, 2, 3 and 4 Tine Forks, Rakes, Scythes and Snaths, Corn and Garden Hoes.

WOODENWARE.

Buckets, Tubs, Churns, Butter Prints and Ladles

CARBON OIL, Linseed Oil & White Lead.

Boots and Shoes

LADIES' MISSES' AND CHILDRENS' SHOES, in great variety.

Rifle Powder and Shot, Blasting Powder and Fuse. Flour Feed & Queensware.

All heavy goods delivered free of charge.

By close attention to business, and by keeping constantly on hand a well assorted stock of goods of all the different kinds usually kept in a country store, the undersigned hopes in the future as in the past to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

B. S. RANGER.

dec2-6m[y.—]y[chgd.

Iron City College

The Most Complete Business College in the United States,

Affording facilities for acquiring a thorough-practical business education, possessed by no other School in the country.

Since its Incorporation in 1855, nearly Sixteen Thousand Students, representatives from every State in the Union, have attended here.

No vacations. Students enter at any time, and receive private instruction throughout the entire course.

N. B.—Circulars with full particulars and all necessary information, on addressing

SMITH & COWLEY, Principals, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MEYRAN & SIEDLE,

Successors to

REINEMAN, MEYRAN & SIEDLE,

No. 42 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GOLD AND SILVERSMITHS,

And dealers in

FINE JEWELRY,

WATCHES, DIAMONDS AND SILVER PLATED WARE.

Agency for all the best makes of

AMERICAN WATCHES,

SETH THOMAS CLOCKS.

Special attention paid to the repairing and adjusting of

FINE WATCHES.

oct5-'70-1y.

☞ Deeds Bonds, Mortgages, Justices' Blanks kept constantly on hand and for sale at this office.

Brighton Paper Mills,

BEAVER FALLS, PENN'A.

PRINTING,

MANILLA,

ROOFING, BAILING,

Hardware, Glass, Straw.

RAG AND CARPET

PAPERS

MANUFACTURED

AND SOLD AT

Wholesale & Retail by

Frazier, Metzger & Co.,

82 Third Avenue.

PITTSBURGH.

☞ Rags taken in exchange. [sep28,'70,1y

Railroads.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY. On and after Dec'r. 4th, 1870. Trains will leave Stations daily, (Sundays excepted) as follows.—[Train leaving Chicago at 5.35, P. M., leaves daily.—[Train leaving Pittsburgh at 2.35 P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Mail.	Exp's
Pittsburgh	12.35 AM	10.55 AM	2.10 AM	2.20 PM
Rochester	2.19	12.05 PM	3.40	4.23
Salem	3.03	3.00	11.45	7.00
Alliance				
Canton				
Massillon				
Orrville	6.04	4.15	1.32 PM	8.33
Wooster	6.28	4.38	1.53	10.23
Mansfield	7.23	7.25	2.50	11.10
Crestline	10.05	7.45	5.55 AM	2.10
Bucyrus				
Upper Sandusky				
Forest	11.17	9.20	7.38	12.35 AM
Lima	12.20 PM	10.40	9.00	1.35
Van Wert				
Fort Wayne	3.20	12.30 PM	12.45	3.50
Columbia				
Plymouth	4.50	2.57	2.25 PM	6.30
Valparaiso			4.40	
Chicago	9.20	7.30	8.35	9.00

TRAINS GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Mail.	Exp's
Chicago	9.00 AM	5.15 PM	7.50 AM	9.00 PM
Valparaiso				
Plymouth	12.03 PM	9.05	9.50	12.35 AM
Warsaw				
Columbia				
Fort Wayne	3.25	1.25	1.45 PM	3.30
Van Wert				
Lima	6.06	1.25 AM	3.25	5.40
Forest	7.08	2.43	4.43	7.07
Upper Sandusky				
Bucyrus				
Crestline	9.20	4.20	6.20	8.55
Mansfield	10.50	5.50	7.50 AM	9.25
Wooster	11.17	6.00	8.10 *	10.05
Orrville	11.35	6.24	9.15	11.55
Massillon				
Canton				
Alliance	12.15	6.50	11.30	1.36 PM
Salem				
Rochester	1.25 AM	1.05	2.35 PM	3.17
Pittsburgh	4.35	11.05	5.15	6.40

Youngstown, New Castle, and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 2.30 p. m; New Castle, 3.00 p.m; arrives at Pittsburgh, 5.20 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 7.50 a. m; arr. at New Castle, 10.45 a. m. Youngstown, 10.20 a. m.

Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 6.30 a. m; New Castle, 7.30 a. m; arrives at Allegheny, 10.10 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh, 2.00 p. m; arrives New Castle, 5.45 p.m.

F. R. MYERS, *General Passenger and Ticket Agent.*

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD On and after May 29th 1870, trains will leave Stat one daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom
Cleveland	8.00 AM	12.15 PM	3.30 PM
Euclid Street			
Hudson	9.55	1.55	5.10
Ravenna	10.30	2.25	5.50
Alliance	11.50	3.35	6.30
Bayard	12.02 PM	3.46	
Wellsville	1.35	4.30	

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom
Wellsville	10.10 AM	5.50 PM	
Bayard	10.25	6.08	
Alliance	11.45	7.15	7.25 AM
Ravenna	12.57 PM	8.01	8.15
Hudson	1.37	8.34	8.55
Euclid Street			
Cleveland	3.10	9.15	10.10

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	Accom	Mail.	Exp's	Accom
Bellair	5.15 AM	....	9.00 PM	4.10 PM
Bridgeport	5.55	2.10	9.30	4.30
Steubenville	7.00	3.15	10.35	5.35
Wellsville	8.15	4.35 PM	11.40	
Smith's Ferry				
Beaver				
Rochester	9.25	5.35	12.40	
Pittsburgh	10.35	6.50	1.45	

GOING WEST.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Exp's.	Acc'on	Accom
Pittsburgh	7.25 AM	3.10 PM	4.25 PM	
Rochester	8.35	4.10	5.37	
Beaver				
Smith's Ferry				
Wellsville	8.32	5.00	5.00	
Steubenville	9.55	6.20		7.05 AM
Bridgeport	11.05	7.28		8.15
Bellair	11.45	8.05		8.50

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives
N. Philadelphia, 6.40 a. m.	Bayard, 9.45, a.m.
Bayard, 2.10 p.m.	N. Philadelphia, 5.40 p.m.

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

Miscellaneous.

"Apples of Gold in Pictures of Silver."

WANTED, AGENTS,

Male and Female; Men and Women of *intelligence* and *energy*, to take orders for our brilliant, spark-ling rare work. **Third Edition now Ready.**

LIVING THOUGHTS OF LEADING THINKERS;

A treasure house of brilliant, pungent and living thoughts on art, science, religion, politics, business, social life and all the leading questions of the day, replete; also, *with rare Gems of Poetry*, to which is appended a dictionary of popular *mottoes*, with their real and assumed signatures. AN INTELLECTUAL BANQUET FOR ALL WHO READ AND THINK. Address for Terms,

J. R. FOSTER & CO., Publishers. feb8y1y.] 68 *Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.*

BUYERS LOOK HERE.

The Undersigned Has Just Opened

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY - GOODS,

Hats, Caps, Notions, Queensware, Glass, Nails, Lamp Oil, Table Cutlery,

GROCERIES:

PROVISIONS, &c.,

On the corner of Bridge and Market Streets,

Bridgewater, Pa.

Having had considerable experience in the

Mercantile Business,

He Flatters Himself that his

Selection of Goods And His Prices

Will Prove Satisfactory to the Public Generally.

THE PATRONAGE OF HIS OLD PATRONS, AND ALL OTHERS,

Is respectfully Solicited

A. S. HARVEY.

dec2-ly

J. MOORE DRUGGIST,

Prescriptions Carefully and Accurately Compounded.

THE BEST BRANDS OF ASSORTED

Medicinal WINES AND LIQUORS;

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

ANILINE DYES OF ALL COLORS;

GLASS & PUTTY;

Special attention given to secure the best quality of Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns &c.

A Large Assortment of

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES &

PATENT MEDICINES,

Main Street, Beaver Pa. [Dec'r, '70tf.

☞ Blank Orders on Treasurer of School Districts, just printed and for sale at this office

Medicinal.

A REMINDER.

To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous People,
To Children Wasting Away,
To any with Debilitated Digestive Organs,

Or Suffering with any of the following Symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver or Stomach,

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness or Blood to the Head; Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness, or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the heart, Choking or Smothering Sensations when in a lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, & Great Depression of Spirits.

Being the only honest, reliable, and healthful remedy, and having the solid endorsement of all the Eastern companies, I now, offer the most complete stock in Western Pennsylvania, at the lowest net prices. Churches, Schools and Public Buildings supplied. Particular attention given to orders by mail. Send for circulars. Clocks can be safely packed and sent by express.

E. P. ROBERTS,

No. 16 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

oct13-ly[chcc2]-[feb23

FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale his late residence in the borough of Bridgewater, Beaver county, Pa. Consisting of

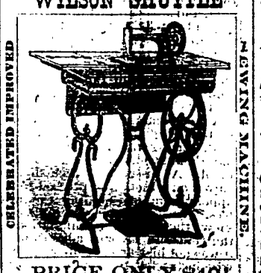
One Two-Story Brick House

with Dining-room and Kitchen attached; a good Cistern at the Kitchen door; Frame Stable, Wood House, Locust and Cherry trees; Garden in a high state of cultivation, with Apple, Peach, Plum and Pear Trees and Fruit, such as Gooseberries, Currants and Raspberries; also a Flower Garden and Summer House with one acre of ground more or less. The above will be sold at a great bargain, and possession given on the first of April next. For terms apply to the subscriber at New Brighton, or to Benedict H. Darragh near the premises. HIRAM STOWE.

jan4-tf.

Sewing Machines.

WILSON SHUTTLE



CELEBRATED IMPROVED LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINE

PRICE ONLY $40!

We are now able to [illegible]

A FIRST CLASS S[illegible] of Superior [illegible]

Embracing all the [illegible] found in Europe and [illegible]

Quite within the reach [illegible] holding

[illegible]

[illegible]

The undersigned, [illegible] for the benefit of the [illegible] Counties, desires to [illegible] ing had the WILSON SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE in use for some [illegible] time, take pleasure in stating that, for simplicity of construction, durability, ease of operation, speed and beauty of performance, we believe it is not surpassed by any Machine in the market.

Mrs. J. P. Davis,	Mrs. A. M. Atkins,
Miss M. A. Getzendanner,	Mrs. M. Dawson,
Miss Pearce,	Mrs. J. B. Butler,
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The Beaver Argus

J. WETAND, Editor and Proprietor.

Beaver, Pa., March 15th, 1871.

Assistant Supervisor R. T. Gaines, accompanied by the Deputy U. S. Marshall, A. H. Attarson, and a squad of Federal soldiers, left Nashville on the 27th of February for a raid on the illicit distillers in the third district. They have succeeded in breaking up twelve distilleries and destroying thirty-six thousand gallons of beer at Shell Mound, in Smith county, Tennessee. The party was fired upon by bushwhackers, but no one was hurt. District Supervisor Gaines was shot in the thigh by an accidental discharge of his pistol. The wound is severe but not dangerous. The remainder of the party are still in search of contraband distilleries.

Miss Anna Ella Carroll, of Baltimore, Md., was the first petitioner who succeeded in getting her memorial presented and referred in the Senate of the present congress. She claims to be a natural military genius, who, without the advantages of a West Point education, conceived and planned the Tennessee river campaign during the great rebellion —which has hitherto been ascribed to General Grant—and she asks Congress to pay her a good round sum for her services. Her petition was refered to the Military Committee, which last session reported in favor of paying her $5,000 for her, strategic services; but the bill died on the Senate calendar of unfinished business at the expiration of the last Congress. There is no resisting the prayers of a beautiful woman. So well is this fact known, that women lobbyists are employed in almost every case where the treasury is to be depleted for private interests.

One of the correspondents who accompanied the San Domingo Commission, is very sanguine on the subject of the speculation Uncle Samuel would make in the purchase or annexation of that Island. He says the Bay of Samna is worth two millions of dollars, which would pay off the debt, leaving the public land over. Say this is one-fourth of the republic, or 8,520,000 acres (the whole area being 22,000 square miles,) and averaging it at fifty cents an acre, the new concern would start with a clear capital of $1,760,000. The population is now only 120,000. By the time it doubles land will not be so cheap. So those who want to buy corner lots had better hurry, or the people of the neighboring islands will get the start of them. These alone will double the population. An impoverished Frenchman, who is used to a similar climate, would rather go to San Domingo, and make money for himself, than stay at home to pay it in taxes to the Prussians. His countrymen who are already on this island are writing to him about it, reminding him how rich were the French planters of Hayti, whom slavery drove out, and suggesting that if he gets tired, in a few years he can go back to Paris with enough to be comfortable. A prosperous Yankee who went down in the Tybee to look, and stayed to speculate, thinks that mahogany forests, even at twenty dollars an acre "will pay first rate." He will risk the fever. Maybe some more of his people might do the same. Where there is certain wealth there will be rapid emigration.

Great excitement was created in Washington city on the evening of Wednesday last, caused by a rumor that the majority of the Senate caucus committee had resolved to depose Sumner as Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, which position he has held for the last twelve years consecutively. Investigation proved the rumor correct; and, unless something occurs to change the result, it will be brought into general caucus, where the discussion will in all probability prove as warm and bitter as was that of the removal of Stephen A. Douglass, during Mr. Buchanan's Administration. Sumner's friends—in the event of his ouster by caucus—will throw the controversy into the open Senate, and argue the right of Senators to independent judgment on treaties before the country. Discreet Republicans look upon this movement as fraught with ruinous consequences and likely to result in a schism of the party.

At eleven o'clock a. m. on the 9th the Republican Senators met in caucus, with a full attendance, and the committee on Standing Committees submitted a report, which after a long and bitter debate was sustained. It placed Mr. Cameron at the head of the Foreign Relations, and transfered Mr. Sumner to the chairmanship of the committee on elections. Mr. Sumner at once declined, and challenged criticism of his conduct during the twelve years he occupied the chairmanship of the Committee on Foreign Affairs. He spoke at some length, and then withdrew from the caucus.

On the tenth inst., the Senate adopted the Republican caucus slate for Standing Committees; leaving Mr. Sumner out, and placing Cameron as Chairman of the Committee on Foreign relations. Mr. Wilson and Shurz denounced the action of the Senate, as unwise in displacing Mr. Sumner—the oldest member of the Senate—from that Committee at this stage of our affairs with Great Britain, and for the reasons assigned. Disraeli may now boast that his bullying speech against Mr. Sumner has intimidated the American Senate, and compelled it, to impliedly censure the utterances of that Senator relative to the Alabama Claims. We deem the course taken in this matter —by Republican Senators—unwise and impolitic, to say the least.

Some two or three weeks since it will be remembered, we chronicled the discovery of what was alleged to be a rich silver mine near the north shore of Lake Superior, and that some of the ore had been sent to an assayer to ascertain its value. Several years ago, a company was formed for working the copper mines of Isle Royal, in Lake Superior, for silver; but the per centage of the precious metal was so small that it had to be abandoned, and it has subsequently been worked for copper alone. It is known to miners that most of the copper mines of the Lake Superior region contain silver, and it had long since been predicted that rich leads would be discovered in the future. Such appears to have been the result in the discovery made on the little islet alluded to above, which is now declared to be the richest silver lode in the known world. The ore smelted has yielded an average of $1,700 currency per ton, while the richest mines in Mexico do not exceed $350 per ton. Silver Islet is the name by which this spot is known. It is of a rounded, irregular shape, about twenty-five yards in diameter, rising not more than four feet above the level of the lake in still weather. When the lake is disturbed in rough weather, the waves wash clean over it. There is no vegetation on the islet, and to the unscientific eye it appears to be simply quartz rock. The shaft or drift is, of course, partly below the level of the lake, and is from eight to twelve feet in diameter. Nearly a hundred and fifty tons have been raised and prepared for shipment in less than two months working of the mine. The smelting furnace is in New Jersey. The assayer of the mint in Philadelphia has reported the result of his experiment with the ore. It contains galena with native silver. About twenty-five per cent. of it is metallic lead.

There is no gold, which in silver ore is an uncommon circumstance. There is an appreciable quantity of sulphur. There is neither antimony nor zinc, nor any ingredient that interferes with the ready fusion of the metals. Six specimens selected from various parts of the shaft are reported by the assayer of the mint to have yielded at the rate respectively per ton, of $13,000, $4,000, $11,000, $8,500, $11,000, and $17,200. The assayer truly characterizes this as an unprecedented yield.

ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS

The probability of an early adjournment of Congress seems to lessen with every day's session, notwithstanding the decided demonstration in the House in passing a resolution on last Saturday week, to terminate it in eight days. The President informed the joint committee, who waited upon him with the information that the XLIIId Congress was organized and ready to receive any communication he might see proper to make, that he would not be prepared to send in a message for a week or so; and expressed the wish that Congress, in the intrim, would designate no day for adjournment. In the House, on the 7th inst., a motion was made to proceed to the appointment of Standing Committees, which although not a question of privilege, was entertained by the speaker. During its consideration there was a manifest change of opinion, in regard to an early adjournment, expressed on the part of members since their vote on the resolution referred to above. The almost imperative demand for legislation to protect loyal citizens from the murderous assaults of an organized band of cut-throats in the South, has its effect upon some members in staying their demand for an early adjournment. The repeal of the income tax operates upon others, and the consideration of the annexation of San Domingo upon another class. The free-traders demand a continuence of the session; on the other hand all the Democratic members—for political effect—vote solidly for an early adjournment; and they are seconded by the protectionists. The probabilities are they will be defeated.

In alluding to Ku-Klux outrages, while urging legislation in behalf of loyal citizens of the South before adjournment, Mr. Butler, of Mass., said "the House could not shut its eyes to the fact that there was a state of things in the southern part of the country which called for legislation to enable the President to carry out the constitutional guarantees of protection to life, liberty and property. He desired to enter on no legislation, but he trusted it was in view of this condition of things that the President had intimated his desire that Congress should not fix any day for adjournment during the week. He quite agreed it was better not to appoint the general Committees of the House for the purpose of going into general legislation, but, he did hope the House would not adjourn so soon. It would be false to its duty to the nation, false to its duty to the Constitution if it adjourned, and left the state of things in the South that now was there, and left the President powerless to correct it. In this connection he sent to the clerk's desk to be read a report made to Governor Scott of South Carolina, by John B. Hubbard, Chief Constable, stating that in Laurens county since the 19th of October, 1870, there had been a Judge of Probate and eleven others killed, fifty mal-treated and one hundred and fifty driven from their homes in one county alone, as well as many outrages in other counties.

The United States steamer Periwinkle, of three hundred and eighty-seven tons burden, in which Captain Hall intends to convey his exploring party to the Arctic regions, is now on the ways at the Washinguon Navy Yard, receiving a complete overhauling. She is being strengthened with heavy timbers, and will receive additional sheathing with a coating of cork interposed. Of her two boilers, one is arranged so that blubber can be used as fuel. A propeller well is to be attached for the protection of the screw against the ice. The work of repairing is under the supervision of a constructor who has charge of fitting out the vessels employed in former Arctic expeditions. The Periwinkle, it is stated, will when completed, be in almost as good condition as a new vessel. The expedition, it is anticipated, will sail in May.

Thos. A. Scott of the Penn'a. Central Railroad has been elected President of the Union Pacific Railroad. In accepting the position, he delivered an address, as a condition precedent to accepting the office he demanded that all unsettled contracts for the construction and equipment of the road should be adjusted and paid. That all the floating debt of the Company should be provided for as it matures by actual sales and assets in hand applicable to that purpose. Both these conditions having been complied with and a satisfactory balance in cash and assets remaining in the Treasury to provide for contingent wants, he accepted the position.

On Saturday last the German Minister called upon President Grant and presented him a letter from William, of Prussia, notifying him of his assumption of the title of Emperor at the request of the other German sovereigns and of the free cities of Germany.

HERE AND THERE.

—London ladies refuse to wear their back hair low in the neck, say the fashions. Of course, they repudiate anything low.

—Two Montreal gentlemen, spiritiuously festive, tried to dance a jig in church to the music of the organ, and were cruelly ejected.

—The Philadelphia Press says if our Congressmen, after a sharp debate, do not embrace their opponents, as French Assemblymen do, they ask each other to drink, which is just as affectionate.

—Charitable ladies in New York, when getting up fairs, send circulars to gentlemen whom they desire as patrons, informing them that they are expected to take so many tickets, and that unless they write to the contrary, the tickets will be sent. That's a dreadful custom.

—Col. John Baxter was much laughed at a short time ago when he commenced $550,000 worth of libel suits against newspapers. He seems however, to know what he is about, for his first action, against the Knoxville *Whig and Register*, has resulted in a verdict of $27,000 for him.

—A veally young Chicagoan bought poison because a chamber-maid jilted him for a street-car conductor. He bid her an affectionate farewell, and announced his dire purpose of leaving the world, but a night in the station-house cured him of his desire for suicide.

—Richard Adams Locke, who has just died on Long Island, aged 71, was the author of the famous Moon Honx, which thirty-five years ago set the country by the ears over Sir John Herschel's reported astronomical discoveries at the Cape of Good Hope, and made a world-wide reputation for the New York *Sun*. It was reprinted in pamphlet form in 1859.

—The London *Post* learns that the prospect for the settlement of all matters of dispute between the United States and England by the Joint High Commission at Washington is very promising. There is, says the *Post*, an evident disposition to treat all topics with fairness. Discussions will take place upon the question of Fisheries, and afterwards upon the Alabama Claims.

—Toombs, the Georgian Bombastes Furioso, having noticed with what ease Ingersolls demolish pet myths and prove that the Tells and the Pocahontases never were, comes out now in a denial of his ever having said he would call his slave roll on Bunker Hill. But this will never do, no one will believe him any more than if he were to deny that he was the hero of that cheerful lay commencing "Hark from the Toombs a doleful sound!"

Gath, the free-trade, free-land of the Chicago *Tribune*, living in Washington, has got so incensed and provoked by bad whisky and the constant though slow progress of correct ideas and principles of political economy, that he avers we might as well write Pennsylvania over the face of our maps, and asserts that Pennsylvania is trying to get $50,000,000, in four huge jobs, out of the United States Government. This Gath is the same delectable person who called Pennsylvania laboring men mendicants, etc.

—It is probable that a statue will be erected to the Hon. John Morissey as soon as that to Hon. Wm. Tweed is finished. The only trouble seems to be that the Tammany sachems want him to be represented in one of the classical attitudes for which he first became famous, with the gloves upon his hands; while the young Democracy wish to have him in Senatorial robes with a scroll in his hand, while bas reliefs upon the pedestal will depict the great deeds which won him his position as a leader in the Democratic party. It has not been decided whether to place the monument when completed in the Capitol at Washington, Central Park New York or the penitentiary at Sing Sing.

—On Monday of last week, during the trial of three negroes before Justice Bramlette of Meridian, Mississippi, for riotous conduct one prisoner named Finley, shot and instantly killed Justice Bramlette. An indiscriminate firing ensued, and two negroes were killed in the court room. The negro who killed the Justice jumped from the second story window but was pursued and shot to death by the Sheriff and his posse. The citizens assembled in large numbers and with arms assisted the officers and Sheriff, who commanded them to disarm the negroes. In the execution of this order, several negroes were killed by the Sheriff's party during the night. The total number of persons killed as far as positively known was seven—six negroes and Judge Bramlette.

A remarkable suicide occurred in New York on Monday the 6th inst. Hugh Pollard and David Rea have for many years been partners in real estate business, but a short time since resolved to dissolve partnership. They owned a number of lots of land in New York and New Jersey, and agreed to draw for the lots. They did so and by a freak of fortune Pollard drew all the New York lots valued at $101,000 on which there were mortgages for $27,000. Rea drew the New Jersey, valued at $88,000 and mortgaged for $22,000. Rea was so enraged at his bad luck that he went home and proceeded to his room and procured a razor and cut his throat. He was discovered by his wife a few minutes afterwards and medical aid was procured but he was past help.

—A shocking case of depravity occurred in Milwaukee on Monday last. An Irishman named W. McCarthy, who had been arraigned in the municipal court on a charge of drunkenness, was afterwards released because of the death of his child. Instead of going home, as was expected, McCarthy continued his spree until night, when he returned to his family in a state of beastly intoxication. Immediately upon entering the house he took the candles surrounding the coffin of his child and threw them into the stove, after which he seized the dead body of his child by the legs and attempted to hurl it through a window. The timely force of friends prevented the consummation of the diabolical act. He was handed over to the police and sent to the house of correction to serve out his term of imprisonment.

HURRICANE.

Scenes on the Rampage.

Freaks of the Wind at St. Louis—Several Railroad Depots, Dwelling Houses, &c., Demolished—A Train Of Cars, Including a Thirty Ton Locomotive, Blown from the Track and Hurled Forty Feet Into a Slough—Seven Persons Known to Have Been Killed—Thirty or Forty Seriously Injured—Damage to Property Over $750,000.

St. Louis, March 8, 1871.

A most terrific hurricane passed over a portion of East St. Louis between two and three o'clock this afternoon. The wind first came from the southeast, accompanied by a brisk shower, but suddenly veered to the southwest, and came with a fury and force never before witnessed in this latitude. It first struck the elevator on the bank of the river and took a part of its roof off, and passing on in a due northeast direction, it totally demolished the freight depot of the St. Louis and Vandalia Railroad eight hundred feet long by one hundred wide, and a water tank 80 feet high, and the passenger depot of the Southeastern Railroad; two freight depots, portions of the passenger depot and ticket office, and the round-house of the Chicago and Alton Railroad; the car-house, scale office, freight office and part of one of the freight depots of the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad; the freight and passenger depots of the Toledo and Wabash Road, and a number of dwelling houses in the vicinity. A portion of the roof of the Terre Haute and Indianapolis depot was blown off. Nearly all the derricks and other appliances used in the construction of the bridges were torn from their places and blown into the river. Everything within a width of from two hundred to three hundred yards was actually torn to pieces.

A whole train of cars, including a thirty ton locomotive, was blown from the track and whirled some forty feet into a slough. Another train of thirteen cars, laden with grain, was overthrown and smashed, and one car blown into the river. A train coming in on the Terre Haute Road, when at Brooklyn, three miles north of East St. Louis was blown from the track and some forty cars standing on a side track of the Toledo, Wabash and Chicago and Alton Road, about nine miles out, were overthrown. The round house of the Chicago and Alton Road, after being blown down, caught fire from an engine inside, and its ruins were burned. The engineer of the locomotive was burned to death. The number of killed and wounded cannot be stated to-night, but seven are known to be killed, and between thirty and forty seriously, some dangerously wounded, and a good many more slightly injured. It is believed there are a number of persons still buried beneath the ruins. The scene is frightful. Some houses are torn to fragments, others unroofed or upset, and still others carried bodily from their foundations. Scarcely a building or a tree or anything else within the track of the storm is standing. The wreck and ruin is complete. The pecuniary losses are estimated as follows: Chicago and Alton Railroad, $300,000; Ohio and Mississippi, $200,000; Toledo and Wabash, $125,000; St Louis and Vandalia, $50,000; Southeastern, $30,000; Wiggin's Ferry Company, $25,000. Two or three steamboats lying on the eastern side of the river were also very seriously damaged.

Social Evil Reform.

A correspondent writing from St. Louis to *Woodhull and Claflin's* Weekly advocates the social evil reform in the following style:

Having given considerable attention to the result of the new law lately enacted by this city for the regulation of the social evil, we are convinced that it is a move in the right direction. The only reason for the opinion, generally entertained throughout the country, that it has been without adequate results, is due to the fact that the prosecutions under the rules and regulations adopted by the Board of Health, under authority conferred upon them by the ordinance, have not been sustained, and the board require further enactments to enable them to enforce these regulations. The matter is now before the City Council, and it is believed it will grant all the Board of Health require. They desire specially to confine bawdy-houses to certain prescribed districts, so that respectable citizens may be protected from their encroachments. In our goodly city, even our best locations have been invaded by them, and the subject is worthy of the careful consideration of its authorities.

The evil is one which, in the present condition of society, cannot possibly be eradicted, and consequently, it is infinitely better to take the "bull by the horns," and use every effort to relieve it of some of its horrors—and, God knows, it can never be freed from them—than to inanely fold one's hands and preach against "legalizing immorality." One noticeable effect of the new ordinance, is the total absence from the streets of prostitutes, and one may even walk thro' Seventh or Green streets without being accosted from behind half closed shutters. Yet St. Louis was formerly noted for the boldness with which its prostitutes plied their vocation! The effect of this feature alone upon the morals of the community—especially the young men—can hardly be overrated. Another result directly attributable to the records which the authorities are now enabled to keep, has been the return of nearly one hundred prostitutes to their parents within the short period of six months. Does not this fact alone call out, in trumpet tones, to the executive departments of every city in the Union to go and do likewise? That the sanitary condition of the city is vastly improved is also an undeniable fact. No radical change can attain immediate perfection and there is doubtless plenty of room for improvement in many respects. The ordinance now in force here enacts that every keeper of a bawdy-house or prostitution shall pay to the Board of Health the sum of ten dollars per month, and each inmate the additional sum of one dollar and fifty cents per week, every penny of which is to be placed to the credit of a fund for erecting and maintaining a hospital and house of industry for prostitutes. Although the ordinance was only passed in July last, the sum of nineteen thousand dollars has already been received from this source. Contemplate (or a moment the result of such an enactment in New York, with its thousands dissolute women! With the enormous amount of funds thus collected, buildings might be erected, and the horrors of the "social evil" thereby mitigated to an extent which would awaken the admiration of the entire civilized world.

—German rogues are not the dullest of rogues. Recently, a youth, seemingly a baker's apprentice, presented at the counter of a bank in Vienna a slip, which was, to all appearances, the ticket which had drawn the first prize ($67,500) in the Brunswick lottery. The officers of the bank had a consultation, and sent the ticket to the principal manager of the lottery, the presenter all this time, keeping up an appearance of the coolest unconcern, even inviting one of the bank clerks out to lunch with him, while waiting for the return of the messenger. The ticket was certified by the manager, and the money was paid to the supposition baker's boy. He departed forthwith, bearing his treasure; forty-eight hours afterwards it was discovered that the ticket was a counterfeit, an exact fac simile of a genuine one which had been cashed only a few hours before at Darmstadt. How the imposter obtained cognizance of this ticket cannot yet be known as he is among the missing.

Athenians Old-Time Yankees.

BY E. W. BALL.

[From the Atlantic Monthly for March.]

Athens was in some marked respects a community of New England Yankees, prematurely appearing in the recess of the Eastern Mediterranean; and the history of Athens will never be properly written, except by an American scholar.

An enemy of Athenians, in summing up their character, said that "they were made neither to be quiet themselves, nor to let the rest of the world be so," thus assimilating them exactly to our modern Yankees in their fondness for innovation, social and political. In fact, the devising of ideal commonwealths, and the discussion of public and private ethics with a view to legislation, were as rife among the free-thinkers of Athens in the fifth century B. C., as they were in the Modern Transatlantic counterpart and literally namesake, the Hub. Furthermore a fish might have been suspended with as much propriety over the deliberations of the ancient Athenian Ecclesia as over those of the Great and General Court in the State House of this Commonwealth. For the Athenians were as great fisherman as our Cape Ann folks, and were immoderately fond of a fish diet, which accounts perhaps for their startling intellectual brilliancy and apprehensiveness, on the theory of Professor Agassiz.

Food and fish, says Mitchell, were synonymous terms among the Athenians. Salt fish constituted the principal food of the Attic soldiers and sailors. Prodigious quantities were imported from the Euxine. When the bell of the fish-market rang, everybody rushed thither, leaving the sophists and orators in the milkdle of their harangues without an audience; and the Athenian billingsgate, like that of modern London, was noted for the scurrilous tongues of its dealers. A story is told of an Attic orator who was unfortunately in the middle of his "few feeble remarks" when the fish-market bell rang. There was an instant stampede of his entire audience, with one solitary exception, who, to the surprise of the speaker, "stuck." In pure gratitude he thanked his solitary listener, at the same time explaining the cause of the stampede. It turned out that the fellow was deaf, and as soon as he ascertained that the fishmonger's bell had rung he too fled, leaving the eloquent speaker soliloquizing to vacancy.

Forty-Second Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

Senate, March 7.—A bill was introduced to abolish the income tax. Also, a bill giving honorably discharged soldiers and sailors a homestead on the public lands,—the same bill which passed the House last session, and was defeated in the Senate. A joint resolution passed to appoint a commissioner to the international congress on penitentiary discipline. All the bills introduced were laid on the table to await the formation of committees.

House.—The President would have no communication to make until next week, but expressed a desire that, during the present week, no day should be fixed for final adjournment. A dissultory discussion occurred on a motion to proceed to the appointment of Standing Committees. Speaker Blaine said taking in view the decided manifestation of the House in favor of adjournment, it was not his purpose, unless otherwise instructed, to appoint standing committees until the December Session. The resolution was laid on the table. A bill passed to remove the political disabilities of J. H. Holly of Illinois.

Senate, March 8.—Nothing of interest transpired in either House.

Senate, March 9.—Mr. Sumner presented a memorial for a general disarmament throughout the world, and a repeal of the war clauses in the Constitution of the United States. He also presented his bill of last session supplementary to the civil rights Act, intended to secure equal rights to colored people in all conveyances, places of amusement, churches, benevolent and other institutions, and gave notice that he would press the bill. Various petitions were presented, and bills introduced, which temporarily lay on the table.

House.—A bill was introduced to repeal the duty on salt and coal, which was discussed, and attempted to be amended, during the entire day. Amendments were all defeated, but without definite action the House adjourned.

Senate, March 10.—Mr. Anthony was chosen President pro tem of the Senate during the absence of the Vice President. A motion to proceed to the election of standing committees was agreed to, and the caucus committees were elected. Mr. Sumner asked to be excused from serving on the committee of elections; and after some debate he was excused. A resolution passed complimentary to Mr. Sumner, and to his successor at the head of the Foreign Relations Committee. A good deal of dissultory debate occurred on the causes for the displacement of Mr. Sumner. They were alleged to be his unsocial relations with the President and Secretary of State. Mr. Wilson and Mr. Shurz denounced the course of Senators for this policy.

House.—Among the resolutions adopted was one to admit free of duty, animals from Canada imported for breeding purposes. The bill to repeal the duties on salt and coal, was taken up, and rather turned into ridicule by the character of the amendments offered. One was offered to make the tax on manufactured tobacco 16 cts. per lb; agreed to; one to repeal the duty on tea, coffee, brandy, potatoes, bunting, &c., agreed to. This, for the purpose of defeating the bill.

On Saturday last the Republican members of the U. S. Senate held a caucus to consider the advisability of prolonging the session in order to enact some measure for the better protection of life and property in Southern States. There was a long discussion upon the subject, a number of Senators taking the ground that it would be impracticable to legislate on the question without opening the door to general legislation, which is not desirable at this time. A resolution was finally adopted, for an appointment of a committee of five to confer and act with a similar Committee of Republican members of the House, in framing a bill for the protection of Southern loyalists, and to report to another meeting of the caucus on Monday, when the subject will be further considerd, and a conclusion probaly reached. Resolutions were offered, and considerable argument was made, in favor of taking early action upon the bills to repeal the duties on coal and salt, the Cincinnati and Southern Railroad bill, and several others, but the caucus definitely decided that no measures shall be enacted this session except such as relate to the condition of the Southern States.

Next to the Count of Paris, the most formidable competitor for the French crown on the Orleans side is the Duke of Aumale, the fourth son of Louis Philipe. The manner in which he obtained vast wealth during the reign of his father it may be interesting here to state. It was shortly after the accession of Louis Phillipe, in 1830, that the old Duke of Bourbon—the father of that Duke of Enghien who was murdered by Napoleon I. in 1804—was found hung by the neck to his bed, in Paris, in such a manner as to superficially lead the by-stander to conclude that it was the result of suicide. There was no person above the rank of a domestic in the house, except his cunning mistress who was in the adjoining room, a door communicating between the two rooms. She professed to have heard nothing in the night, and strenuously urged the idea of suicide. When his will was opened, it was found that he had left all of his personal property to his mistress, and all of his vast real estate to the Duke of Aumale, the son of the King above alluded to. This event, at the outset of Louis Phillipe's reign, created a great deal of scandal and talk against his family. There where many then, familiar with the facts, who believed that the Duke of Bourbon did not die a natural death—that there was a foul taking off, accompanied by a fraudulent will, and that those who profited by it were its instigators.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 10, '71.

OUR NEW TERRITORY.

The passage of an act by Congress, making a Territory out of the District of Columbia, has created considerable commotion among the political aspirants of the District. The appointment of Hon. Henry D. Cook, to the Governorship was much unexpected by the political clique, and no little fears are entertained by them that Gov. Cooke may turn a cold shoulder to jobs and jobbers.

SIGNS IN THE POLITICAL SKIES.

On Tuesday, the 7th inst., after nearly a year of suicidal wrangling the Republicans of this city met in council for the purpose of burrying the hatchet. Like Tennessee, Virginia and Missouri, Washington city has had its fill of citizens' candidates, who when elected were heralded over the country as *bona fide* Democrats. A number of speeches were made by men who were prominent in the fight of last May, but who have seen that the Democrats always grow fat on 'Republican folly' declared themselves tired and ashamed of the past. The most notable speeches at the convention were those of the Governor, Henry D. Cooke, and Gen. N. P. Chipman, Secretary of the new Territorial government. Both of the gentlemen named, declared their firm adherence to the Republican party, and stated that they had nothing to hope from the Democracy, counseled unity in the party and promised a hearty support to the Republican cause in the district.

The Democracy are immensely disgusted with the proceedings, for in them they see defeat. This is the case not only with the Democrats belonging to this district, but also those in Congress from the several States which happen to be cursed with Democratic representatives. The fight will be sharp now that there is no hope of duping the Republicans again. The Democrats are every where striving to carry the spring elections for the purpose of encouraging the faithful, but at no other point in the country will more effort be put forth than in this city. One year ago they claimed the city by 4000 majority electing Mr. Emory, (an independent Republican) as Mayor, he receiving a solid Democratic vote besides a large number of Republicans. They knew very well that their claim was false, but it had to be made to encourage the desponding before the last fall election. The natural inference by those who believed them will be that the Republican gain in the city will be the Republican majority for delegate to Congress plus the four thousand majority claimed last year. The imitation by Republicans in other parts of the country, for the hope of the Democracy in 1872 rests upon the folly of Republicans during this Spring and the coming Summer. Every Republican gain is a staggering blow to the Ku Klux Klan. Let such blows fall thick and fast. They will strive to deceive by claiming that party politics should not be allowed to extend to town and city elections, but Republicans have only to ask themselves, "When did Democrats ever advise us to our best interest?" The action suggested by the answer, will add power to the party and secure the continuance of good government.

New Advertisements.

ELECTION.—The stockholders of Big Beaver Creek, at or near Wampum, in the county of Beaver," are hereby notified that an election for one President, six Managers and a Treasurer, will be held in the Tuft House, of said Company on the last Monday, the 24th day of April next, commencing at 10 o'clock, a. m.
mar15,4w.] JAMES ALLISON, Treasurer.

THE OLD ORIGINAL
BOTTLING HOUSE.
H. W. BUFFUM & CO.
22 and 24 Market Street,
PITTSBURG, PA.
Established in 1844, by H. W. Buffum.

This oldest and largest Bottling House west of the mountains, has made extensive preparations for supplying their friends and the public with their celebrated

Mineral Waters, Ales, Porter, &c., &c.

For the Spring Trade, at the following prices:

Sarsaparilla	$ 75	per doz.
Mineral Water	75	"
Raspberry "	75	"
Champagne Cider	75	"
Porter	60	"
Ale, small bottles	60	"
" Kennet	1 25	"
" Winterton	1 25	"
Syrups	3 00	"
Imported London Porter and bottles	3 00	"
Imported Scotch Ales and bottles	3 00	"
Crab Cider	3 00	"
Syrups	2 00	"

Bottles 75 cents per doz. extra. Money refund'd when returned.

Goods delivered free, and freight paid to rail road stations and steamboat landings. 1yr

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!!
BROWNS, WHITES, SATINS, GILTS;
VARIETY ENDLESS;
COLORS BRIGHT;
STYLES NEW;
PRICES LOW;
Oil Cloth Store; Shades made to order and lettered.
GOODS DELIVERED PROMTLY AT DEPOTS.
DeZOUCHE & CO.,
112 Wood St., 2 doors from 5th Avenue,
mar13,3m.] Pittsburgh, Pa.

ESTATE of Mrs. Elizabeth E. Smith, dec'd.—Letters Testamentary upon the estate of Elizabeth Smith, deceased, having been granted by the Register of Wills of said county, to the undersigned residing in Smith township, Washington county, Pa. All persons having claims or demands against said estate, are requested to present the same, and those indebted to make payment to JOHN FRIGGENS, Ex'r.
mr15,6w*] Barrington P. O., Washington Co., Pa.

FURS WANTED.—The undersigned will pay the highest price in cash for furs of all descriptions. He wishes the Fur Company of Beaver county to bear in mind that he will pay an extra $5 bill to give to any person in the county who will catch and bring him a raccoon (living if possible, but dead or alive,) weighing 25 pounds.
COLE R. WALTON.
Industry tp. March 8, 1871—3w

ESTATE of Wm. Kennedy, dec'd.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of Wm. Kennedy, dec'd., late of the Borough of Chester, having been granted to the undersigned residing in said borough: All persons indebted thereto are requested to make payment, and those having claims against it will present the same duly authenticated for settlement to
mar4,6w.] E. M. POWELL, Adm'r.

Notice to Bridge Contractors.
Commissioners Office, Beaver, Pa.,
February 28th, 1871.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office, by the Board of county Commissioners, until Saturday March 18th, 1871, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the masonry and superstructure of five iron bridges, of about fifty-five feet span each, and about eighteen feet roadway; to wit: One over Block House Run in Pulaski township, where the Harmony road crosses the same; one over Brush Creek, near Jamestown ville in North Sewickley township; one over the same creek, at Unionville in New Sewickley township; one over Big Travis' creek in Hanover township, where the Georgetown and Pittsburg road crosses said creek, and the iron structure of the bridge at Keefer's Mill, over Big Travis' creek, also in Hanover township. Proposals for the structures must be accompanied with a statement giving the total weight of the cast and wrought iron of each bridge; the general workmanship and the ultimate or breaking strength per linear foot, as well as the greatest local load each bridge will sustain. Plans and specifications for the masonry of said bridges may be seen at this office from the first day of March until the day of Letting. The Commissioners will reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
By order of County Commissioners.
JOHN McGOUN, Clerk.
Mar1:3w Radical copy.

—The St. Albans *Messenger* says that there is in that town a horse whose upper lip bears a heavy moustache, fully three inches in length, which parts in the middle and gracefully curls out on either side in the most approved fashion.

—A New York woman has sent a communication to a journal of that city, stating that she is desirous of selling her hair, which "is a yard long, and thick in proportion, and of a light brown color." She is led to this course because she is in arrears forher rent, and she proposes to sell her hair for $100.

Johnson's Rheumatic Compound.
Sellers' Imperial Cough Syrups.
Lindsay's Improved Blood Searcher.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

No medicine ever offered to the public for the cure of Rheumatism and Neuralgia, &c., has gained such a wide spread reputation as JOHNSON'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND; it is without doubt an invaluable medicine. Testimonials have been received from rich and poor, learned and unlearned, civilian and soldier, while physicians recommend it and use it in their practice.

1871. Established 1835.

Sellers' Imperial Cough Syrup.

We begin to call to the minds of our readers that this season of the year, above all others, is the one in which they are liable to COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, &c., whilst the LITTLE ONES are in constant danger of that most alarming and fatal of all diseases, CROUP.

It is, therefore, necessary that every family should provide a positive remedy, one that is ready for use at all times.

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP you will find a sure and speedy remedy for coughs, colds, and all diseases arising from them.

Lindsay's Blood Searcher.

The blood is the very fountain of life; therefore, if we wish to restore health, we must first purify the blood, and to insure continued health, *keep it pure*. LINDSAY'S BLOOD SEARCHER is the safest and most effectual medicine for obtaining this desired effect, is always safe, and the most delicate can use it.

These medicines are sold by all Druggists everywhere. Prepared only by
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists,
feb15 1y] No. 45 Wood Street, Pittsburgh Pa.

Dry Goods.

Reduced Prices!

Speyerer & Sons
Have just Returned from the East
WITH A LARGE STOCK OF GOODS,
Bought at the
Lowest Cash Prices,
And will sell some Goods
AS LOW AS BEFORE THE WAR!

Consisting of Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Hardware, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Rope, Oeum, Packing Yarn, Iron, Nails, Paints, White Lead, Oil, Putty, Queensware, Willow-ware, Flour, Feed, Grain and Bacon, a variety of Prints, Muslins, Ticking, Delains, Checks, Alpacas, Jeans, Dimins, Crash and Hosiery; also, Sugars, Syrups, Molasses, Carbon Oil, 200 bbls. of the Celebrated Canton City AND NEW CREEK FLOUR,

Just arrived and for sale, Wholesale and Retail,

At Pittsburg Prices.

200 Kegs Wheeling Nails:
ONE CAR WHITE LIME;
Land Plaster, and Akron Cement;
A Large Stock of
White Lead and Paints.
A very superior quality of Strumz & Wetzel's Soaps; and a lot of Carbon Oil
Just Arrived and for sale, Wholesale and Retail.
ALSO, PURE CATAWBA ISABELLA
—and—
Concord Wines,
Of our own vintages, for Medicinal and Sacramental Purposes, are highly Recommended by those who have used them.

They are also Agents for the
KNIFFEN MOWER AND REAPER,
And Pitt. Nat. Plow Co's Plows.

Thanking the Public for their past patronage, we hope to merit a liberal share in the future.

All Goods Delivered Free of Charge.

You can rely on all goods being fresh, as all our old goods were sold at auction.

SPEYERER & SONS,
apr13:tf

J. H. McCREERY.
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Third Street, Beaver, Pa.
Office below the Court House, Beaver, Pa.
jy21tf

E. P. KUHN, Attorney at Law. Office in Mc-Kinley's building, east of Public Square.
mar31:1y.

William BARNES, dealer in Boots' Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., next door to Porter's Tin shop, Bridge street, Bridgewater, Pa., where he is prepared to manufacture and sell everything in his line at reasonable rates. Having removed his place of business from the corner near the Bridge to his present location, he invites his old friends and patrons to give him a call.
my26:6m*y.

WHERE TO BUY
GOOD GOODS
At Reasonable Prices,
At 148 Federal St. Allegheny City.
SPECIAL BARGAINS IN
Ladies' Satchels and Baskets.
Also a fine stock of Gents Valises,
Pocket Books,
Combs,
Brushes,
Umbrellas,
Notions,
Fancy Goods,
Hobby-Horses,
Wagons, Toys, &c.
A very large and fine assortment of
Children's Carriages,
To arrive this month.
F. A. O'LEARY,
Successor to
O'Leary & Singleton,
148 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
apr13:1y[ch'gd June, sept., dec. jan. feb.

Sale of Bank & Bridge Stock.

The undersigned, administrators of William Davidson, sr., deceased, will sell at public vendue at the Court House, in the borough of Beaver, on Tuesday, March 21, 1871, at 1 o'clock p. m., of said day, Thirty Shares of Stock in the National Bank of Beaver county, and Fifty-one Shares of Stock in the Bridge over the Big Beaver creek, near the mouth of Wolf Lane, (between Rochester and Bridgewater).
THOS. J. DAVIDSON,
SAM'L. DAVIDSON, Adm'rs
[Radical copy.] mar8,3w]

New Advertisements.

LIST OF APPRAISEMENTS

THE Following Appraisements, under the Act of Assembly of the 14th of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by the widow or children of a decedent to the value of three hundred dollars have been filed in the office of the clerk of the Orphan's Court and confirmed nisi, to

The Beaver Argus.

Beaver, Pa., March 15, 1871.

Circulation Thirteen Hundred.

Rates of Advertising.

TIME.	3w.	6w.	3m.	6m.	1 year
1 sqr—10 lines.	$3 00	$3 00	$5 00	$7 00	$10 00
2 squares, do	3 50	5 00	7 00	10 00	15 00
3 squares, do	5 00	6 00	9 00	13 00	18 00
4 squares, do	6 00	8 00	10 50	15 00	21 00
¼ column,.....	8 00	10 00	15 00	20 00	30 00
½ column,.....	11 00	15 00	20 00	30 00	45 00
1 column,.....	22 00	30 00	38 00	60 00	100 00

Administrators' and Executors' Notices....$3 00
special notices per line, ten cents.

☞ Payments to be made Quarterly, except for transient advertisements, which must be paid in advance.

GEO. P. ROWELL, 40 Park Row, N. York, AND
S. M. PETTENGILL & Co, 37 Park Row, New York, are the sole agents for THE BEAVER ARGUS in that city, and are authorized to contract for inserting advertisements for us at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with either of the above houses.

State of the Thermometer for the week ending March 11th, 1871.

	7 A. M.	2 P. M.	9 P. M.
March 5	35 deg.	54 deg.	42 deg.
" 6	40 deg.	44 deg.	34 deg
" 7	27 deg.	57 deg.	57 deg
" 8	41 deg.	60 deg.	54 deg
" 9	51 deg.	58 deg.	50 deg
" 10	40 deg.	57 deg.	45 deg
" 11	41 deg.	47 deg.	35 deg

R. T. TAYLOR.

TIME TABLE.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.—Trains going East leave Beaver Station as follows: Morning Accom'n 9.17; Mail, 2.47 p. m; Evening Express, 5.30; Local Freight (carries passengers) 3.31 p. m.

Trains going West leave Beaver Station as follows: Mail, 5.43 a. m.; Local Freight (carrying passengers) 10.05 a. m; Accommodation, 5.47 p. m.

Pitt. Ft. W. & C. R. R.—Trains going East leave Rochester Station (at end of bridge) as follows: Beaver Falls Accom. 6.03 a.m.; Enon accom. 7.10 a. m.; New Castle accom. 8.30 a. m.; B. Falls accom. 12.10 p. m.

Trains going West leave Rochester Station, (at end of bridge) as follows: B. F. accom. 10 a. m.; Enon accom. 5.12 p. m.; Erie night express 5.45 p. m.; B. F. accom. 7.37 p. m.

Trains going East leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: B. F. accom. 6.05 a. m; Enon accom. 7.15 a. m.; New Castle accom. 8.40 a. m; Chicago exp. 10.52 a. m; Beaver Falls accom. 12.15 p. m.; Chicago Mail 3.05 p. m; Erie exp. 4.10 p. m; Chicago exp. 6.02 p. m; Erie mail 9.55 p. m.

Trains going West, leave Rochester (Upper) Depot as follows: Chicago mail 8.15 a. m.; Erie exp. 8.35 a. m; Beaver Falls accom. 9.25 a. m.; Chicago exp. 11.30 a. m.; Chicago exp. 3.55 p. m; New Castle accom. 4.30 p. m.; Erie exp. 5.45 p. m; Beaver Falls accom. 7.36.

The attention of the public is directed to the following New Advertisements which appear for the first time in the Argus to-day:

Special Notice—Drs. Oldshue.
Special Notice—Mrs. E. H. Beacom.
Special Notice—DeZouche & Co.
Special Notice—H. W. Buffum & Co.
Special Notice—Dr. R. V. Pierce.
Special Notice—S. & J. Snellenburg.
Special Notice—A. C. Hurst.
Bottling House—H. W. Buffum & Co.
Sale Adjourned—D. M. Donehoo.
Special Notice—Speyerer & Sons.
Executor's Notice—John Ferguson.
Planing Mill—J. B. Snead & Co.
Wall Paper, &c.—DeZouche & Co.
Election—James Allison, Treas.

Thanks.—Hon. Wm. McClelland, member of Congress from this district, has our thanks for numerous public documents.

New Wagon for Sale.—A splendid new two-horse wagon with the celebrated cast spindles, and completely finished in the latest and best style. Only $100. Parties finding themselves in want of a new wagon will find it to their interest by purchasing. Inquire of Geo. P. Smith, corner of Brighton street and the public square, Rochester, Pa. mar8;3t

A Fatal Railroad accident occurred to a man named Davis, of Alliance, Ohio, on Wednesday last, near Columbiana. He was a brakeman on a freight train of the P. Ft. W & C. Railway; and, report says, the break gave way as he was drawing it, whereby he lost his balance and fell between the cars. He leaves a family.

A large stock of new Dry Goods, &c., &c., at popular prices, at A. C. Hurst's, Bridgewater. [mar15;3w.

Mr. W. H. Wilson had his hand caught in a "buzz" saw, in the chair manufactory in New Castle, on Friday of week before last, lacerating and almost cutting off the two smaller fingers of his right hand. The accident was caused by trying to do two things at once—looking one way and reaching the other.

The latest novelties of Ladies' Hats and Chignons of all colors, at A. C. Hurst's, Bridgewater. [mar15;3w.

We cannot but think that woodchuck committed an egregious error, in going into his hole on the 2d of February last, because he caught a glimpse of his shadow. He has lost some excellent weather in consequence of sticking to his "old fogy notions." He should have known that "there are exceptions to most general rules" and have made up his mind to stay out until driven in. True, lawyers tell us "it is safer to follow old precedents," but it is just this very thing that, now and then, works injustice to a client and robs him of all his wealth. Rules and old precedents should be made to give way to circumstances and the special demands of the case. That woodchuck has been made the victim of his pertenacity in following precedents.

Wall Paper! Wall Paper!!—In another column will be found the advertisement of the well-known wall paper house of DeZouche & Co., of No. 112 Wood St., Pittsburgh. The stock of wall paper in store at Messrs. DeZouche & Co.'s is exceedingly large and embraces all kinds of paper, from the most expensive parlor down to the cheapest kitchen paper, all of which will be sold at lowest prices. Call on Messrs. DeZouche & Co. when in the city and judge of their stock and prices for yourself.

New Collars, Laces and Trimmings, at A. C. Hurst's. [mar15;3w.

The German Roman Catholic citizens of Beaver Falls have purchased two lots in Beaver Falls, on the corner of Tank and Chestnut streets, upon which they intend erecting a chapel, school room and Pastoral Residence. They are preparing to commence work.

On the morning of March 8th inst., at Akron, Ohio, a man named Daniel McNaighton, shot himself dead in his room at the house of his sister, Mrs. Johnston. He was about 24 years of age, and intimately connected with many of the most respectable families of that place. Cause, *delirium tremens*.

New Ribbons of all colors and widths, at A. C. Hurst's. [mar15;3w.

Golden Fountain Pen.—Something new and novel. Be sure and read the advertisement in our paper headed "Greatest Invention of the Age." We believe the Golden Fountain Pen is unsurpassed. A good pen is a necessity to every man, woman and child. Agents here is a chance to make money in introducing a good and saleable article. ly.

The body of a woman was found about a mile and a half north of Titusville, Pa., on the 8th inst., near the railroad track, in an unfrequented place. The body was but partially clad, and in a state of decomposition. It was supposed to have been that of a woman of dissolute character, about 25 years of age; and had probably laid where it was found for a period of two or three months. It is thought she had fallen down the bank while in a state of intoxication.

New Goods at A. C. Hurst's. [mar15;3w.

Revivals.—The people of Greensboro, Washington county, and vicinity are considerably aroused in religious matters. About twenty-five have been added to the Methodist church, and the good work is still in progress. The Baptist church (Rev. W. F. Burnell, pastor) is also holding a series of meetings with encouraging results.

LATEST NEWS.

The Black Sea Conference met on Monday, in London; and it is said matters have been satisfactorily adjusted.——Eight lives were lost by the wreck of a steam launch on the cost of the Island of Jersey.——The Northern Pacific Railroad bridge across the Mississippi at Brainerd, Minnesota, was finished on Monday last.——The Pa. Senate was not in session on Monday; the House passed a bill incorporating the Pennsylvania and West Va. Railroad Co.——A man named Burnam was stabbed at Fort Wayne, Ind., on Monday, and is in a critical condition.——The U. S. House of Representatives, on Monday passed a resolution repealing the duty on salt, coal, tea and coffee.——The only thing now holding Congress together is legislation to protect the South against Ku Klux outrages.——The steamship Europe, Glasgow, lost her Capt'in and two officers overboard during the storm of the 4th inst. They could not rescue them.

Railroad Meeting.—Luzerne, Redstone, Menallen, German, and what is generally known as the bend of the river (Monongahela), both in Fayette county and Washington, are moving for a railroad. Wealth that can build it, a mineral and agricultural country that can support it, and abilities that can manage it, are all at hand, and were fully represented in the meeting held at the Dunlap's Creek Academy, in Fayette county, on the 25 ultimo. Thoughtful, sagacious and deliberate, the solid men of that section have taken up the matter earnestly in hand, and railroad communication with the commercial marts of the east and north will undoubtedly bring great additional wealth to that portion of our State.

Postmasters returning papers addressed to persons who have moved away should explain, if possible, what has become of the person addressed, or his present post office address. It is not sufficient to say that a paper is uncalled for, or is not lifted. The reason of its not being taken out should also be given.

On Sabbath morning of last week smoke was seen to issue from a vacant house a short distance below Enon, in Lawrence Co. No one paid any attention to it until about 2 o'clock as people were returning from church a number of men with buckets were seen hastening toward the scene of the fire. After some efforts the fire was quenched. Examination proved that it had been deliberately set on fire by some evil inclined person, as the fire had been started on the floor.

Our Legislature is looking after prolonging the lives of the common cottontails—the following bill having passed the Senate: It is entitled an act to prevent the destruction of rabbits, and the first section reads that hereafter it will not be lawful for any person in the Commonwealth to kill or have unlawfully in his possession, or expose for sale any rabbit, between the first day of January and the fifteenth day of October, in each year, under a penalty of five dollars for each and every rabbit so killed or unlawfully had in possession or exposed for sale.

Noiseless and Boltless.—Read without fail Geer & Cady's advertisement in another column, and write them at Marshall, Michigan. Jan11;1y.

Tenant House Burnt.—About one o'clock on Thursday morning of last week, a log and weatherboarded tenant house on the farm of John L. Cooke, Esq., in North Strabane township, about three miles north of Washington, Pa., which was occupied by John Mull, Jr., was entirely destroyed by fire. The occupants succeeded in saving a small portion of the contents. Mull's loss is about two hundred dollars, and Cooke's about three hundred dollars. It is believed the building was set on fire by some one as yet unknown.

The annual meeting of the members of the Beaver County agricultural Society for the election of officers and managers for the ensuing year, will be held at the Sheriff's office in Beaver, on Monday, March 20, 1871, at 10 o'clock, a. m. mar8;2w] A. R. Moore, Sec'y.

New Goods at A. C. Hurst's. [mr15;3w

Bell Ringers Lookout.—We are requested to state that the boys who are in the habit of ringing door bells at night, in Beaver, and then running away, are known, and unless they stop the practice, they will be severely dealt with.

Run-Off.—On Monday evening last, a span of horses attached to a buggy became frightened as they were leaving the stable of Thomas McKinley of this place, and started off rapidly. On crossing a gutter on Third street, near the Diamond, Mr. Louer, the driver, lost his balance and pitched forward, over the dash board and lodged on the tongue between the horses and the buggy. This further alarmed the horses and they ran rapidly. Mr. Louer caught one of the lines and drawing it, wheeled the horses into the fence near Quay's building where the buggy was considerably smashed, and the occupants—Miss Beacon and Miss Louer "spilled out" and slightly injured. Mr. Louer was also bruised considerably.

The Supreme Court of our State says that the words "waiving the right of appeal, and of all valuation and appraisement, stay of execution, and benefit from exemption laws," in a regular promissory note, do not destroy its negotiability.

Matrimonial Mortality—Table of Marriage Chances of Women.—Of one thousand married women, taken with our selection, it is found the most lucky time is between 20 and 21. The chances of women keep increasing till that age, and then they rapidly diminish until they reach the age of 40, when they amount to about nil.

From 14 to 15.....	33	From 28 to 29.....	43
" 15 to 17.....	201	" 30 to 31.....	18
" 18 to 19.....	219	" 32 to 33.....	14
" 20 to 21.....	233	" 34 to 35.....	8
" 22 to 23.....	165	" 36 to 37.....	3
" 24 to 25.....	103	" 38 to 39.....	1
" 26 to 27.....	60	" 40 to 41.....	0

Mr. G. W. Rouse was killed in the woods near Girard depot, on Thursday last. He was cutting down a tree, which, as it fell, split from the stump. A piece flew back, striking him on the head, carrying one-half of it away. A man who was chopping near by, not hearing the sound of his ax as usual, went to see what was the matter, and found the man lying there dead. Mr. Rouse was a hard-working man, and leaves a wife and four or five children, who for a living were dependent upon his daily labor.

On Wednesday last, an attempt was made to murder Mrs. McMullen of Waterloo, Venango county, by administering chloroform while she was asleep. A man named Winans has been arrested for the perpetration of the attempt. He is an old penitentiary bird, and came in the afternoon to engage the lady to keep a boarding house for him, which she declined. In the night following she was awakened by a noise at the window, which was forced up. She became alarmed and attempted to arise, but was seized by a man who jumped in through the window, and placed a cloth saturated with chloroform over her nose and mouth. A violent struggle ensued, during which Mrs. McMullen succeeded in freeing herself from the clutches of the villain, and fled into the street, screaming for help. Before assistance arrived, however, the cowardly wretch had made his escape. Mrs. McMullen stated the next morning that she was certain that the man Winans, who had been there that day, was the person who had entered the house. Winans was captured at his home in Mercer county, taken to Franklin and committed to jail to await trial.

The Western File Works, at Beaver Falls, in this county, are graphicly portrayed in *The Paper*; and, as everything connected with the manufacturing interests of Beaver county are of interest to our readers, we transfer the discription to our columns:

"The ground owned by Messrs. Blake and Fessenden, on which the Western File Works stand, is bounded on the north, west and south by Rapp, Lincoln and Economy streets, and on the east by the slakwater; occupying an entire block between said boundaries, of 330 by 300 feet; or about two and one-fourth acres. The whole of the structures, with the exception of the counting house are of brick. The part fronting on Economy street being two stories high, and extending along said street 150 by 50 feet to the slakwater; from the slakwater or eastern end, a one-story wing, forty feet wide, running parallel with the slakwater, spans the entire block. From the western end of the two-story part another wing 60 by 40 feet is extend d at right angles. On entering from Rapp street, the northern end of the long wing before mentioned, you find the "steel room," about fifty feet long, in which a large quantity of steel in bars, slabs and rods, in great variety of size, is stored. Next is the "forge room," in which steel is cut in desired lengths, "tangs" forged, and the points properly shaped; (the "tang" is the end of the file on which the handle is put.) Next is the "annealing room," in which the "blanks" (at this stage the pieces of steel intended for files are called "blanks") are heated to a certain temperature in large furnaces, and then cooled. This division in the process of file making requires great care and practical skill. When cool they are withdrawn from the furnaces and passed into an adjoining room to be trimmed and straightened by hand, to the "grinding room," where, by a series of stones, large and small, they are made perfectly smooth both on the faces and angles, and made ready to receive the cutting which entitles "blanks" to be called "files." They are now passed to the "cutting rooms," where, by a great variety of machines, the cuttings (lines of indentation) are put on; then sent by an elevator to a large room in the upper story for examination, and if found perfect, to receive the trade mark; thence returned by the elevators to the "hardening room," where they are thoroughly scrubbed, first with sand and then with a sort of paste; then put in ovens to dry, and when dry, case hardened and dipped in molten lead and strong brine in rapid succession; then plunged into lime water, and again dried in ovens, then brushed. After this process the tang ends are dipped in molten lead and oil in immediate succession, and then, with a fine brush, bathed with spirits of turpentine. What were a little while ago rough slabs, bars and rods of steel, are now highly finished files ready to go to the "finishing room," where they undergo another examination—all soldering part of the lead and lime removed by a needle-like instrument; again brushed, and then packed. The long lines of shafting from which the various machines receive their power, are driven by two steam engines, one of one hundred horse-power and the other of forty horse-power.

All the machinery is of the most substantial kind, and apparently as perfect as human hands can make it. In some of the rooms—particularly the cutting and grinding departments—the unskilled visitor becomes absolutely lost in amazement on seeing the exact and unerring movement of the various machines, and the wonderfully ingenious appliances which together accomplish the end sought. The heavy goods are cut when moving on a horizontal line, and the speed over the plane is so nicely regulated, that the cutting chisel which strike from above, although delivering 1,300 blows per minute, never miss the desired points. The machines which cut the lighter varieties of files are attended by young women in a separate apartment, and although constructed on the same principle, are different in movement. On these machines the files are indented when moving on a vertical line. The grinding engines are constructed on the same principles, some of them patented by one of the proprietors, Mr. Blake, and the appliances for grinding files of so many different forms, are quite wonderful. The skilled workmen of every department, are of the very best, both from Europe and the east; one of them (William Gadhill), came out from England with a number of machines, for the purpose of starting them, and being a most accomplished workman, the proprietors have retained him.

The steel used is of the most approved European and home brands, and by their thorough knowledge of the preparation and treatment it requires, added to the extraordinary perfection of their machinery, have earned the name of making files superior to any imported. It is now asserted, and I believe on good grounds, that this establishment is the largest and most complete one of the kind in the world.

One car of Canton City Flour, and a lot of White Lake Lime, received and for sale at Speyerer & Son.'s, wholesale and retail.

Not many weeks ago the postmaster at Hillsborough, N. C., refused to take a mutilated, two dollar bill in exchange for stamps. The gentleman who offered the bill determined to test the thing; and accordingly sued the postmaster for two dollars damages. The suit has just ended and the postmaster has found himself 'out' to the amount of $90. At the trial it was shown that the post office department had issued orders that postmasters should receive mutilated currency in exchange for stamps when offered. The Court held that beside that all departments of the Government were bound to sustain the currency of the government, and that the fact of a bill being more or less mutilated was no justification for its being refused by any official of any department of the government.

Burglary.—The Railroad station, at Mercer, Pa., was entered on last Tuesday night, and boxes of merchandise opened and portions of their contens abstracted. The thief or thieves were very moderate, taking only such articles of clothing as they seemed to need. Their special weakness seemed to be for fancy neckties of which they took a goodly supply; but in no case did they take entire packages. No clue has as yet been obtained as to the perpetrators of the theft.

Sale adjourned to Saturday, the 18th day of March, at 1 o'clock, p. m. at the Court House, in Beaver, of that valuable property known as the "Mitchell Garden lot," containing about four acres, with dwelling house, fruit, &c., situate nearly adjoining the borough of Beaver, on the public road leading from Beaver to Vanport. This is a most desirable site for a private residence, and cannot be surpassed in quality and location for gardening purposes. It will be sold at a bargain, as I intend going into business elsewhere and am bound to sell if it should be at a sacrifice. Terms easy. D. M. Donehoo.

As the classes in the different departments of study are now being organized in the Academy in this place, those intending to avail themselves of its advantages will find the present the most favorable time to enter, that they may start fairly with their several classes in the race for the term. For every one is aware that the loss of a few recitations at the commencement must operate more or less deliterously during every step of their future progress.

Important to All!—Those who have been dealing with S. & J. Snellenburg (Merchant Tailors and clothiers of New Brighton) will be gratified to learn that the junior partner of the firm has been spending some time in the east, to very great advantage in securing good bargains in a well selected stock of goods, which they will sell at prices to defy competition. And to those who have not dealt with them, we would say, give them a call and be convinced that they keep the best stock of clothing, the best material such as cloths, cassimeres, trecots, diagonels, vestings, &c., as well as the best cutter west of Philadelphia. The junior partner will soon return, bringing with him a vast stock of spring goods, which they cordially invite the public to examine. Go one and all and secure good bargains, at S. & J. Snellenburg's, Broadway, New Brighton.

Rev. Dr. Loomis, President of Allegheny College, Meadville, Pa., preached a sermon in the M. E. Church of this place, on Sunday last. The Congregation were highly edified in listening to the learned divine's exposition of the sacred word.

New Brighton, March 6th, 1871.

Editor Argus—*Dear Sir:* Permit me through your columns to reply to the correspondent of the *Radical* of 2d inst., who signs himself K. K. K. (Ku Klux Klan, how appropriate, how suggestive!) who declares to the public that he is the embodiment of the wisdom and judgment, of the readers of that journal.

Had he confined himself to stating the truth, no notice of him would have been necessary; but in justice to myself as a member of the Convention spoken of, I deem a reply due him and the public.

The Good Templars Convention in their Resolution, expressed "that because women were the greatest sufferers from the traffic in intoxicating drinks, they were entitled to, and ought to have the right to the ballot, as a means of removing that curse," and went no further; we do not propose here to discuss the question of the effect, the granting of this right to them would have upon their social and moral influence, as we consider it so obvious that no right minded person can bring an argument against it; everything depends upon the purity of the individual who looks at the subject, whether it appears degrading or otherwise. Many of the best minds of the day are advocating just the same position and views we have taken upon this question.

His declaration that "the Good Templars are a political party, and have so declared," we most emphatically deny; but we do contend that the temperance question as it stands to-day cannot be discussed without assuming a political aspect; it is a part and parcel of politics, and cannot be separated, and will be, if it is not already, one of the great leading questions of the day; this being the case we as temperance men have the right to express our views as to the right of a *professed temperance man* to preach temperance, and sustain the rum traffic by voting for men who are not known to be right on this subject. The correspondent further says "the Good Templars claim to have members enough to change the result of an election in this county." This statement is *false*. The resolution does not so express it; but does say that "the temperance men (meaning all temperance men) have that power," and if the correspondent was half as well posted as he would have us believe he is, he would not expose himself by making such a statement as he has.

How many votes does he consider necessary to change the result in this county? Say four hundred would do it. Does he pretend that there are not twice that number of temperance men in Beaver county? I should feel sorry to live in a county containing as much intelligence as this one does, that did not contain that number of *consistent* temperance men, not such as K. K. K.—Any number of *rum sellers* can be found who are advocating just the same kind of temperance doctrine as he does.

Let me ask, what is he doing to bring about and carry on this reform? All *honest* temperance men are doing something, be it never so little; and many are devoting their time, talent, energies, and money to this work, trying to educate the public sentiment up to the proper standard on this question. But K. K. K. contents himself with fault finding and throwing obstacles in the way of the only *organization* that is today doing *anything* to further this reform movement.

Let this correspondent who claims to be a strong temperance man tell us *who he is*, that we may have an opportunity to judge for ourselves by his past record *what he is*; let him tell us what his plan is for carrying on this work, and getting the "*vox populi*" right on the subject; that we may have laws that it will not violate our consciences to obey; then we will be obedient to those laws because they are right, not because we *must*; that we may have an opportunity to profit by his sage counsels; but let him confine himself to the truth when he speaks of the Good Templars and their work. He may discover that his information and knowledge regarding that organization, and those who compose its membership is not half so reliable as he had imagined it was.

We do not fear investigation, but prefer it to be conducted in a spirit of fairness and truth; not malice and falsehood.

We are doing what we can, in the best way we can, as we understand it, to save men from the curse of strong drink; to save the youth of our communities from forming drinking habits, and thereby raise up a generation of temperance men and women to carry out this work—to save our mothers, wives and daughters from the woe and degradation consequent upon these pernicious drinking customs of society; and if people would aid us in our work instead of cavilling and fault finding, much more would be accomplished.

If they do not like our plan of doing this work, in God's name let them introduce one of their own, and let *us* work in *our* way, we will not do them harm, but gladly aid them in any way, so the end may be attained for which we all so anxiously pray may be attained, viz: the absolute prohibition of the use of, and traffic in intoxicating drinks.

Bentwick.

[Inasmuch as the above communication covers the entire ground of review of the *Radical's* article commenting on the Good Templar's resolutions of the Beaver District; we deem it unnecessary to publish the communication from Glen Arbor on the same subject. The author will see the propriety of using the space it would occupy for other matter when we assure him the above was first in type. Ed.]

Editor Argus:—President Lincoln once received a call from an officer of high rank in the army who informed him that recent developments had clearly established the fact that his plans in regard to an important military movement—much maligned at the time—were admirably laid to effect the end proposed, and advised him to appoint a committee of investigation whose report would doubtless set him right before the country.

The President replied that if the rebellion were crushed the people would never enquire about his plans, regarding success as a proof of their wisdom, but were the rebels to triumph, the testimony of a legion of angels would not establish the wisdom of his measures nor the purity of his motives and that he believed that it was his duty to bend all his energies to the great work of subverting the rebellion, wasting none of his precious time in replying to the cavils of the opposition. Mr. Lincoln was right. The degree of success attained, all things being equal, proves the wisdom of the means.

Dr. A. P. Merrill introduced the graded schools into Natchez, Miss. Soon after he was burned in effigy by an excreted mob. The graded school system proved a success in Natchez. Now Dr. Merrill's portrait purchased at the expense of the city adorns the city hall, and the Dr. is numbered amongst the benefactors of the south. Twenty years ago it was the subject of fierce debate whether females were competent to teach school. The popular verdict has long since been rendered in the affirmative. Prejudice against female teachers flees our country "like competition before the glance of destiny," and to-day many institutions of learning have all their departments filled with ladies who sustain themselves creditably and reflect honor upon the institutions with which they are connected. Success is the test of merit. Was not Mary Lyon of Mt. Holyoke successful? the thousands of young ladies educated under her supervision whose mental and moral culture is of the highest order, is a sufficient answer. Miss Peabody, principal of the Oxford, Ohio, Female Institute, has trained thousands for usefulness. Miss McBeth of North Sewickley Academy, this county, has for years controlled the education of young ladies and young gentlemen. Her fame as a teacher is enviable. Gentlemen in all the learned professions have been her pupils and they attribute much of their success in life to the habits formed through the effective discipline and thorough instruction of Miss McBeth. She has made North Sewickley Academy what it is—*a model institution*. Young ladies and gentlemen who enter its portals are highly favored—her pains are not spared to insure them thoroughness in moral, mental and religious culture. The writer yesterday visited Rochester, and while there attended the examination in the highest department of the graded schools of that town. He found a large attendance and a highly delighted concourse of citizens present to witness the closing exercises of the school. To say that he was pleased with the examination would not be sufficiently expressive. He was *delighted*. The writer has been a professional teacher for fifteen years and has witnessed the closing exercises of many schools of every grade, north, south, east and west, and he takes pleasure in stating that for accuracy in scholarship, promptness and method in recitation, for ladylike and gentlemanly deportment on the part of the scholars, the high school department of the Rochester graded schools is unsurpassed by any he has ever witnessed. The writer learns that Miss Platt is the teacher in that department and that she is virtually principal of the Rochester graded schools. She is doubtless eminently qualified for the position—a gentleman could not sustain himself with more credit than does she. Many professional teachers were present and all with whom the writer conversed fully concur in according great credit to Miss Platt for the high order of merit displayed in the closing exercises of her department.—When another intellectual feast is furnished, may the writer be there to partake.

March 8th, 1871. Traveler.

For the Argus.

THAT WOMAN'S RIGHTS MEETING.

We do not as a general thing take kindly to the "isms" in our town. We are a good, respectable steady-going sort of people, and have but little sympathy with the extreme notions of the "reformers." It was therefore with some surprise that I heard it whispered there would be a Womans' Rights meeting at ——, "Not at all public," my informant said, "for we are not going to make ourselves ridiculous and get into the papers, like those Pittsburgh ladies did."

As a matter of course I was there at the appointed time. We met in a private parlor and there were present about twenty ladies young and old. Mrs. Smith was there of course, and Mrs. Brown and Miss Jones, the Doctors' wives, and a sprinkling of Lawyers' wives and daughters. There were no ministers' wives present; this was no disceable from the fact that there are at least a dozen residing in the "Rest," and one does not often meet that number of ladies without one or two ministers' wives among them. As a class, however, they are conservative, and like to be on the right side of the fence, and as the Womans' Suffrage question is not yet decided, I suppose we need not expect to see them at such meetings.

But to go on with our report of the meeting. In the first place we had any amount of talking, and as all talked at once it will be impossible to give it verbatim. The result was that in some way Miss Jones was made president and by persistent effort she succeeded in bringing order out of confusion.

She then said: "This meeting, ladies, is informal, we have met to exchange views on the Womans' Rights question, and to take measures towards organizing a Womans' Suffrage association. The time has now come when every true woman should be willing to take part in the struggle for womans' freedom, womans' rights. When we once have the right of suffrage what a sphere of usefulness is opened before us. We will then have a voice in making the laws that are to govern us. We will do away with intemperance and all the evils that follow in its wake. In short we will reorganize society and—" (little Mrs. Smith): "Miss Jones, did you ever hear of the way Artemus Ward's wife reorganized him?"

Miss Jones: (with dignity) "I do trust ladies, we will have no jesting on the subject. To me it is a serious matter; one involving the best interests of our country."

(Lawyer's lady): "I agree with our president. It is not a subject to jest upon, and it is high time the thinking women of the land rally to the help of the noble women who are toiling and battling for their oppressed sisters."

(Mrs. Smith): "Indeed ladies, I only asked a civil question. I came to be enlightened, for I don't pretend to be posted on the "woman question," and I am sure she said something about reorganizing something." Lawyer's lady (looking severe), "As I was saying we must rally to the help of this noble band of women. The movement is daily gaining ground and without doubt will triumph. We are all in favor of it, and it is our duty to come out and let the world know where we stand."

Mrs. Doctor: "If I could be convinced that woman's suffrage will do for us all that its advocates claim, I should be with you heart and hand; but it does seem to me that the benefits will be over balanced by the evils. What security have you that bold designing women will not control the polls then, just as dishonest men do now. In such an event how much better will our lot be?"

Mrs. Smith: "I think it would be perfectly splendid to go to the polls and vote. When I told my husband this evening that I was going to a Womans' Suffrage meeting, he said, 'What is the use, you have a vote already,' said I, 'I haven't any such thing,' 'Oh yes,' said he 'you and I are one, and if I vote don't it follow that you vote, too?'" (laughter) Miss Jones: "Shall we proceed with the business?" Young lady: "What did you say, Mrs. Smith?"

Mrs. Smith: "I said I am going at any rate. 'Of course you are,' said he, tilting his chair back and placing his feet upon the back of another. When I left he was singing."

"When a woman will, she will,
And you may depend on it;
When she won't, she won't,
And there's an end on it."

Miss Jones: "Shall we proceed to business, ladies?"

Mrs. Smith: (looking at her watch,) "Nine o'clock! I must go home to my baby."

Chorus: "Nine o'clock! So late as that?"

Miss Jones: "Let us proceed to business."

Mrs. Smith: "Just what I am going to do, Miss Jones. Good-night, ladies."

Miss Jones: (desperately,) "Ladies, shall we do anything towards——".

Chorus: "Oh, it is too late."

Miss Jones: "But, ladies——"

Lady: "Miss Jones, if you had a husband and children——"

Miss Jones: (savagely), "Thank goodness I haven't.

We did not "organize" at that time, nor have we had any more meetings; but since Miss Hindman's lecture Miss Jones has again taken heart and we are soon to have another meeting.

Jennie.

The fine brick mansion being erected by the Messrs. Weaver, at Wheatland, Mercer co., Pa., caught fire on Thursday evening, and was damaged to the amount of about $3,000, fully covered by insurance. When completed this will be one of the finest residences in the county, and it is said will cost over $25,000.

Railroad Accident.—On Thursday last, March 2d, a sad accident occurred in New Castle, Pa., by which a young girl named Hannah Crawford, whose parents reside near Clinton, Lawrence county, was killed. It appears that she started from Mr. James Falkerson's, where she resided, to go to town for the purpose of buying a pair of shoes and other articles, and walked upon the railroad track. When near the engine and tank house, in New Castle, the freight train approached. Owing to the curve at the point, and the obstructions of buildings, etc., the engineer did not see her until about fifty feet from her. He at once whistled the alarm, following it immediately by the signal for "down brakes." The girl heard the signal and stepped off the track before the engine reached her, but not far enough to clear the engine, the pilot beam of which struck her and threw her against a wood pile, from which she staggered and fell under the wheels of the first car. Her left arm and leg were crushed by the wheels, and the entire left side of her head torn off, allowing the left lobe of the brain to fall out. No blame can be attached to the engineer, who, as soon as he saw her, made every effort to stop the train. The coroner was notified, and at once summoned a jury, who rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts. Her remains were taken charge of by friends in New Castle, and forwarded to her parents on the following day.

No Humbug.—We do not wish to inform you, reader, that Dr. Wonderful, or any other man, has discovered a remedy that cures all diseases of mind, body or estate, and is designed to make our sublunary sphere a blissful Paradise, to which Heaven itself shall be but a side show, but we do wish to inform you that Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy has cured thousands of cases of Catarrh in its worst forms and stages, and the proprietor will pay $500 for a case of this loathsome disease which he cannot cure. It may be procured of druggists or by mail for sixty cents, from R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y. A pamphlet sent free.

Cash paid for Rye. One thousand bushels wanted at Speyerer & Son's.

St. Patrick's Day.—Next Friday will be St. Patrick's day; the patron saint of the Emerald Isle, who is accredited with having banished toads and frogs from the bogs of Erin.

"The toads went hop, and the frogs went skip,
Past-haste into the water;
And the snakes committed suicide,
To save themselves from slaughther."

The day is a universal holiday with the Irish and their descendants throughout the world. There will be High mass at the Catholic Church in Beaver, at 9½ o'clock a. m., on Friday next, in honor of St. Patrick.

New Prints, Ginghams and Dress Goods, at A. C. Hurst's, [mar15;3w.

Now that "Stormy March" has set in, it behoves every housekeeper to see that their chimneys and stovepipes are free from accumulations of soot. A burning chimney, during a high wind, might cause a disastrous conflagration; and by attending to the chimneys and pipe in time serious loss and trouble may be avoided.

Removal.—Mrs. E. H. Beacom's *Trimming Store*, will remove on the 1st of April, into the neat and newly fitted up room in Judge Adam's building, Third street, Beaver. A fine assortment of seasonable millinery and trimmings will be offered to her numerous patrons. mar15;4w

Darlington Temperance Meeting

Those interested in the cause of temperance in this community, after several meetings without action, met at the Reform Presbyterian Church, on the 6th day of February, 1871, and formed themselves into a society known as the Darlington and New Galilee Temperance Union, by electing J. A. Anderson President, and Dr. N. B. Cass, Secretary. The following preamble and resolutions were adopted as a basis of union:

Whereas, Intemperance still prevails to an alarming extent in our community, and whereas it is numbering among its victims many of our youths who are the hope of the church and State, and whereas facts and arguments of the most startling and important character, gathered and every defensible stand-point assumed by the friends of the holy cause of temperance, all calling aloud for immediate, radical and united action, that the scrolls of intemperance written within and without, with mourning, lamentation and woe, may be numbered among things of the past; therefore,

Resolved, 1. That on the principle of expediency and all other moral considerations connected with this movement, we adopt as a basis of union and co-operation in resisting this evil, the following pledge:

Article 1. Total abstinence from all intoxicating liquors as a beverage.

Article 2. That we will use all lawful means to prevent the manufacture and sale of intoxicating drinks in this community and throughout the land.

Art. 3. That we will by all proper methods induce others to adopt this pledge.

Resolved, 2. That those friendly to what is contained in this basis of action endorse the same by their signatures.

Resolved, 4. That this society when completed, shall be known as the Darlington Temperance Union, and that all signers shall be entitled to vote and act in all business of the society, and that a meeting shall be held once a month or oftner, for purpose of creating a sentiment in favor of what is herein contained, and for the purpose of taking such action as may from time to time be found necessary to attain the end herein arrived at, as indispensible to the common welfare and the interests and happiness of the human race.

Resolved, 5. That a committee of two representing the different Christian denominations of this community, be appointed by their own sessions, whose duty it shall be to carry out the principles herein contained, and for the purpose of calling meetings, procuring speakers and also for the purpose of bringing to justice all who violate the laws regulating the sale and use of intoxicating liquors.

Resolved, 6. It shall be the duty of every member to report to this committee all violations of the laws relating to this matter which shall come to his knowledge.

Resolved, 7. That the members of this society bind themselves to defray all necessary expenses that may be incured in carrying out the foregoing.

Our System of Practice.—The medical world has become divided into so many different cliques, isms and pathies, that our peculiar system of pratice may need some explanation, it being the Eclectic connected with the Uroscopia.

Our remedies are principaly vegetable, discarding entirely the use of "Calomel or Murcury in any form," believing it to be a disease-creating agent of the worst description.

We are also opposed to the use of general blood-letting in any case; believing it to be injurious to the constitution, and oftentimes dangerous to life.

Our mode of detecting chronic affections" of the internal organs, is principally by an examination of the urine.

During the whole course of our study and practice we have paid particular attention to this old "German Mode" of detecting diseases, and we feel perfectly satisfied that "there is no more certain sign offered in disease" than is presented in that secretion.

Therefore, we now more especially invite all those laboring under any lingering disease that has not been cured, because, perhaps, the complaint was not properly understood, to send a vial of their urine for examination, and have the necessary medicines sent them. We wish it distinctly understood that this "special" invitation is given to those who have sufficently tried the remedies of their family physician and have failed to obtain relief at his hand.

This is our privilege and right as a physician, and it is the right and

SELECT MISCELLANY.

ONLY ON THE BOX.

"Any one got a light?"

"Here, my lady, I have! The best matches in the world. Safest thing you can—"

"What, those things? Won't let them upon me! I'd have the nateives burnt with fagots of 'em. Why I paid for a box of them, and Jessie paid, too, how much do you suppose? And out of a shop, mind you!"

"I can't tell, I'm sure; some fancy price."

"Only six thousand pounds. I'll tell you how, Walt. Can't give up my smoke, even to gratify so just a vendetta. So for once I'll use the detested thing. I remember the last time I used, or tried to use them, but time I used, or tried to use them, but this time when—

"You remember the time when—" and Jessie stood together, and Jessie was a millionaire—so he did. Foxberry thought of being called, enjoyed the thought of being called, though without any claim to the title, as it proved, for he had but seventy thousand pounds, and a million-aire, even by courtesy, ought to show at least two or three hundred thousand. However, he took all the airs, and enjoyed all the respect of one, and so far as he was concerned it came to the same thing. He really showed a great interest in our cooing and wooing; quite beyond what might be expected from a money-grubber, such as he had been all his life. The liking began on his side, through my presenting him with a pound of the very choicest Turkish, which had been sent me as a present. There was his weak place. He smoked—smoked day and night, not like a chimney which often has its fires banked up; but like a mountain on fire."

"Give me my pipe," he would say, taking a rather selfish view of the cosmogony, 'and I don't care if the world turns upside-down.'

"A rather weak logician once retorted on him: 'But, my dear Mr. Foxberry, if the world turns upside down, you and your pipe must turn upside-down with it.'"

"But Mr. Foxberry had him in a moment. 'I say, sir,' he roared, 'if you had taken the trouble to attend —I stipulate for the quiet enjoyment of my pipe. You like splitting hairs sir, I see.'"

"I could see that this old gentleman took a kindly interest in my love for Jessie. Between huge clouds of smoke he grunted out his approbation."

"'I like you,' he said, 'Bob, and that's a great deal. Not so well as my pipe, of course; but more than my money. I like you better than the greedy crew who are hunting me for it, and who will find themselves disappointed.'"

"Every one, of course, good-naturedly said that I was hunting him, which was far from the truth, though I own I had the air of it, and liked listening to his stories, his grim remarks, and I own, the smoking of some rare old cigars, that he had got from a sea captain. I visited him often when it suited me, took little trouble about him, and at last got a hint from a friendly solicitor's clerk that my name figured in "large-caps," and in large figures, too, in his testament. The next time old Foxberry was smoking hard, he said to me:

"'Why don't you name a day? Be bold, man alive. Pluck up and don't stand shilly-shallying. You won't lose by it in the end,' he said, significantly. "I tell you what," he said, "I've got a new box of cigars over. We'll make a little party for a drive to Three-cross Abbey. Get her to meet you there. Settle it all off-hand; try the new cigars, and have done with it.'

"I was enchanted. This, indeed, looked like business. I wrote off a hasty note to Jessie and her aunt, telling them how much depended on their coming, and imploring them to attend. I wrote also to a jeweler for a couple of little lockets, as I wanted to make a tender offering. I was very happy and excited. Mr. Foxberry grew more and more benignant.

"'There are pipes,' he said, 'that I knock about any way, and throw down after I have smoked them. There are others I take care of, and put by carefully. You are a good fellow, Bob. Will be a capital smoker one of these days, and I'll take care of you.'

"I thanked him cordially.

"Well, the morning came, and the carriage was actually at the door. Just then the post came in with two letters and a little registered card-board box. One was from Jessie, saying that she was delighted to come. The other was from the jeweler, saying that he sent me two lockets, but that he waited one back at once 'for a bridesmaid's order.' The lockets were very pretty, and I admired them greatly. It was hard to choose between them. I was in difficulty when Mr. Foxberry decided me by roaring out from below that he was ready, that the cigars were in, and that we were losing the fine day. I had thus to make a hasty choice. So I chose one that seemed the most elegant, rolled it up in silver-paper, and packed it up in a neat card-board box. But how was I to send back the other locket? A capital idea! There was a match-box on the chimney-piece, which I emptied, packed away the locket in it, and sealed the box in white note-paper, tying it round with tape.

"'You,' I said to a handful of the matches, 'must not set the house on fire, and will be of use in my waistcoat pocket. And there I deposited them.

My revered friend, a little out of humor, was still calling for me. I came down with many apologies, and away we drove. Before we had got a quarter of a mile, he called out—"Hallo! just like me! Forgotten my fusee-box. Drive back at once."

"Stop, sir," I said, smiling, "I have thought of that," and pulled out a match from my pocket. He would have hugged me for this forethought. He said it showed such a true smoking instinct. It certainly did.

"'Just fancy,' he said, hulding up his cigar; 'I should have left this out, and where should I have been then?' We don't pass a village or even a cottage on the road to Three-cross Abbey; and there's not a house within miles of it. Or else,' he added, reflectively, 'I must have gone on smoking the whole stay and the whole of dinner. I tell you solemnly, I think I should die if I lost my after-dinner smoke.'

I was a little facetious on this, making imaginary plans as to how the stored fire might have been kept in, or propagated; making the coachman keep it alive during dinner, and the man-servant during the coachman's dinner, and relieving both.

"'But only think of the risk,' he said; 'suppose the cigar got choke I, or the fellow got drunk, and let it go out. What would become of me then?' I declare,' he said, with ferocity, 'I'd have the fellow broke and dismissed. I'd work heaven and earth to punish him.'

"'Quite right,' I said, laughing. 'But I am happy to save the poor devil from such a fate.'

"'You would not,' he said, sternly, 'Where my pipe is concerned, I'd let nothing stand in the way. I really believe it to be the elixir of life; and any one that interferes with that supply of vital energy I look on as interfering with my life. And I would deal with him accordingly.'

The cigars were certainly very good, and, after smoking two, he said, 'Now, my boy, for a bit of self-denial. Not one more till after lunch, or dinner, as we may call it.' That's the real time of enjoyment.'

We were now at Three cross Abbey, a little old ruin in the middle of a sort of waste or common, with hardly a tree or a house near. It was a favorite spot for a picnic, as the ruin was picturesque, and moss grown, and shady, sheltering us all from the sun. Jessie and her aunt were there waiting to meet us; Jessie looking lovely, as indeed old Foxberry as good as told her during lunch.

"When you're both installed in a fine house, she'll look all the better for such a frame. 'Some one,' he added, with meaning, 'will take care of you both.'

Dinner was over and he called to his man to bring him his cigar-case out of the carriage.

"'I never was in a better humor for a cigar, and for a good cigar,' he said. 'After that little repast, too, I shall enjoy it the more. Here is a most excellent one for you, and another for me. I always say, give me my smoke, and the world may turn upside down. Ay, and every human being in it, too,' he added.

We laughed at the jest. Such a little tribute was only due to him after the generous declaration about us.

"'Give me a light,' he said, sticking the cigar into a hole in the extreme corner of his mouth, a position which fanatical smokers are fond of.

I drew out my bundle of matches with triumph. "I have half a box-ful in my pocket," I said. "It never does to be without them." And I rubbed one on my boot-heel. It missed fire. I tried another. It missed also. I tried a third. It missed again.

"'What are you about?' he said, testily. "You are very awkward; I thought any fool could strike a match—"

"'My boot is damp,' I said nervously. "I'll try the wall here." I did so, and failed with three more in succession.

He now lost all patience. "You are a more stupid fellow than I took you for. Here give 'em to me." He tried himself but in vain; they all failed one after the other. I felt my heart sinking.

"The damp must have got at them," I fluttered, trying again.

"'I hate delays,' he said in a passion, "it spoils my smoke. Are you a noodle?"

"'Why,' cried Jessie, who had been looking at one of them closely, "they are safety matches! They light only upon the box."

Old Foxberry flung his cigar over the wall in a fury. He gave me one look and walked away to the carriage. I rushed in despair to the coachman and the footman.

"'For Heaven's sake, a match! Twenty pounds for one,' I whispered hoarsely.

"'Lord bless the man!' said the former, 'what d'ye mean?'

"'A match, a match! Quick, a common lucifer man!'

"'I ought to have one,' he said, feeling in his waistcoat pocket. "Wait —no—yes—there is one I do believe."

He pulled out one—saved! It was as precious as a gem, that little splinter of wood. Alas! with fraying in his pocket the top had all worn off. It was no good struggling with fate. I bowed my head and submitted. All the way back old Foxberry never opened his lips. When he got out he complained of being ill, and said to the housekeeper—"That blackguard had done it purposely, in hops of killing me; but I'll be even with him." The next day he altered his will.

"Now," added Bob, "admit that I have reason to loathe the sight of safety matches that light only on the box."

A STORY FOR HUSBANDS.

BY GAIL HAMILTON

Omen, I will tell you a story.

Once there was a young man, and he had a young wife and a young child, and a small purse, and no house at all. So he found a secluded place where they could board, and yet be quiet, and by themselves. Thus his wife was free from the cares of housekeeping, and had nothing to do but tend her baby. But this young man, inspired with wisdom from above—or with the instincts of a long line of gentlemen, which amounts to the same thing—said within himself:

"It is too much for a woman to be constantly with a baby. Patience and nerve cannot stand it. She needs variety and freedom."

So he committed what ninety-nine men—and women too—out of a hundred would call unparalleled extravagance. With a small salary, without fortune, without household cares, he exercised the most rigid personal economy, but—kept a nurse, to help his wife take care of the baby.

What is the result.

Well, they have been married a dozen years, and have, I should think, about six dozen children. At least, the moment you step foot into the front entry, children swarm over the baluster, and pour through the doors, and you can hardly tell whether it is because there are so many of them, or there is so much of what there are. But the mother of the whole brood is, at this moment, a healthy, happy, handsome, charming woman, as dignified as a queen, as fresh and merry as a girl, and just as fondly and foolishly and—if you will pardon the word—*spoonily* in love with her husband as she was the day she married him. And he is as deep in the mud as she is in the mire. They behave perfectly well in company, and a stranger might be with them a great while and not suspect the state of things; but once you get familiar with the house, and you are constantly in danger of surprising them making love to each other in sly corners, and you have to put on as much blindness and deafness as if they were "engaged" only last week.

Let alone that a happy home has given them such light hearts and clear brains that they have fared like Solomon, and received not only the happiness they asked for, but the riches and honor which they did not ask for.

Go and do thou likewise.

AN ANGEL IN A SALOON.

A TRUE INCIDENT.

One afternoon in the month of June, 1870, a lady in deep mourning, and followed by a child, entered one of the fashionable saloons in the city of N——. The writer happened to be passing at the time, and impelled by curiosity followed her in to see what would ensue. Stepping up to the bar and addressing the proprietor, who happened to be present, she said:

"Sir, can you assist me? I have no home, and no friends, and am unable to work."

He glanced at her and then at the child, with a mingled look of curiosity and pity. Evidently he was somewhat surprised to see a woman in such a place as that begging, but without asking any questions gave her some change, then turning to those present, he said:

"Gentlemen, here is a lady in distress, can't some of you assist her a little?" They all cheerfully acceded to his request, and soon a purse of two dollars was raised and placed in her hand.

"Madam," said the gentleman who gave her the money, "why do you come in saloons? It isn't a proper place for a lady; and why are you driven to such a step?"

Turning her mournful, yet expressive eyes upon the speaker with an expression I shall never forget, she replied:

"Sir, I know it isn't a proper place for me to be in, and you ask why I am driven to this step. I will tell you in short words," pointing to a bottle labelled "whisky," "that is what has driven me to this—WHISKY. I was once happy and surrounded by all the luxuries that wealth could procure, with a fond and indulgent husband. But in an evil hour he was tempted, and not possessing the will to resist that temptation, fell, and in one short year my dream of happiness was over, my happy home forever broken and desolated; and the kind husband and the wealth some called mine, lost, lost, never to return, and all by the accursed drink cup. You blow see before you only a wreck of my former self, homeless and friendless, with nothing left me in this world but this little child." And weeping bitterly, she affectionately caressed the golden curls that shaded a face of exquisite loveliness. Regaining her composure, and turning to the proprietor of the saloon she continued:

"Sir, the reason I occasionally enter a place like this is to implore those who deal in the deadly poison to desist, to stop a business that spreads desolation, ruin, poverty and starvation. Think one moment of your own beloved ones, and then imagine them in the situation I am in. I appeal to your better nature, I appeal to your heart, for I know you possess a kind one, to retire from business so ruinous to your patrons. Did you know that the money you receive in exchange for the vile stuff you sell across this bar, is the same as taking the bread from the mouths of the famishing wives and children of your customers? That it strips the clothes from their backs, deprives them of all the comforts of life, and throws unhappiness, misery, crime and desolation into their once happy homes? Oh, sir, I implore, beseech, and pray you to retire from a business you blush to own you are engaged in before your fellow-men, and enter a business that will not only be profitable to yourself, but to your fellow creatures also. Pleases excuse me if I have spoken too plainly, but I could not help it when I thought of the misery and unhappiness it has caused me."

"Madam, I am not offended," he answered, in a voice tremulous with emotion, "but I thank you from my heart for what you have said."

"Mamma," said the child taking her mother's hand, "here's a gentleman who wants me to sing 'Little Bessie' for him. Shall I do it?"

"Yes, darling, if they wish you to."

They all joined in the request, and, placing her in a chair, she sang in a sweet childish voice, the following beautiful song:

"Out in the gloomy night sadly I roam:
I have no mother dear, no pleasant home;
Nobody cares for me, nobody would cry,
Even if poor little Bessie should die.
Weary and tired, I've been wandering all day
Asking for work, but I'm "too small," they say;
On the damp ground I must now lay my head,
Father's a drunkard, and mother is dead.

"We were so happy till father drank rum,
Then all our sorrow and trouble began;
Mother grew pale, and wept every day—
Baby and I were too hungry to play.
Slowly they faded, till one summer night
Found their dead faces all silent and white;
Then, with big tears slowly dropping, I said:
'Father's a drunkard, and mother is dead.'

Oh, if the temperance men only would find
Poor, wretched father and talk very kind;
If they would stop him from drinking, why, then
I should be so very happy again.
Is it too late, temperance men? Please try;
Or, poor little Bessie must soon starve and die.
All the day long I've been begging for bread,
Father's a drunkard, and mother is dead.

The scene I shall never forget to my dying day and the sweet cadence of her musical voice still rings in my ears, and every word of the song, as it dropped from her lips, sunk deep into the hearts of those gathered around her. With her gold curls falling carelessly around her little shoulders, her face of almost ethereal beauty, and, looking so trustingly and confidently upon the men around her beautiful eyes lighted up with a light that seemed not of this earth, formed a picture worthy of the pen of a poet or a painter, although a statue of purity and innocence. The unfinished game of billiards were laid by, the cards thrown aside, the unemptied glass remained upon the counter, and all passed near, some with curiosity, some with sadness, and some with pity, beaming from their eyes, entranced with the musical voice and pity of a child, who seemed better fit to be with angels above than in such a place.

At the close of the song many were weeping—men who had not shed a tear for years, now wept like a child. One young man who had resisted with scorn the pleading of a loving mother and dear friends to lead a better life, to desist from a course that was wasting his fortune and ruining his health, now approached the child, and taking her hands while tears streamed down his pale cheeks, exclaimed with deep emotion:

"God bless you, my little angel, you have saved me from ruin and disgrace—from poverty and a drunkard's grave. If there ever were angels on earth you are one; God bless you, God bless you," and placing a bill in the hand of her mother, said, "Please accept this a little as a token of my regard and esteem, for your little girl has done me a kindness no wealth can repay. And remember whenever you are in want you will ever find a true friend," at the same time giving her his name and address. Taking her child by the hand she turned to go, but pausing at the door said:

"God bless you, gentlemen, and please accept the heartfelt thanks of a poor and friendless woman, for the kindness and courtesy you have shown her," and before any one could reply, she was gone.

A silence of several minutes ensued which was at last broken by the proprietor exclaiming:

"Gentleman, that lady is right, and I have sold my last glass of whisky," said a young man who had long been given up as utterly beyond the reach of those who had a deep interest in his welfare that he had sunk too low to ever reform. "There is a temperance organization in this city called the Temple of Honor, and at their next meeting I shall send in my name to be admitted. Who will go with me?"

"I!" "I!" "I!" and "I!" several exclaimed in a chorus, and fifteen names were added to his.

True to his word, the owner of the saloon where this strange scene was enacted, disposed of his entire stock the next day, and is now engaged in an honorable business. Would to heaven that lady could have gone into every hamlet, and town and city throughout our country, and meet with the same cheering result.

Yes it is the mothers and wives, and sisters of the drunkard that can tell what whisky has done and is doing. You need not follow him to the sumptuous and brilliant palace erected by King Alcohol and his confederate to lure him in the paths of virtue and usefulness, to that ruin and disgrace. You need follow him when his money is gone, and he is thrust from the most fashionable resort to these less respectable. You need not follow him to lowest dens of crime and iniquity, as he daily reels home or lies in the gutter in a condition lower than the brutes of the field. No! but follow him to the place he calls home, and the hollow cheeks, the dimmed eyes, care-worn face of the forsaken wife, and the cries of the starving children, tell their own story in a language inexpressible in words.

—While a lady condescends to a practical joke, it is generally a very neat one. M. Boncort, the rich financier, was very stingy to his wife in the matter of pin money. One day a lady, closely veiled, and very anxious not to be recognized, called upon him and borrowed a large sum, and left, leaving her diamonds as a pledge. It was his wife.

—Edwin R. Campbell, now in San Francisco, though hardly 45, boasts that he has killed, in his editorial capacity, not less than 20 newspapers. Originally a practical printer, he has become a practical undertaker.

—It is not strange that Dio Lewis should be deeply impressed with the importance of health, when his name is a perpetual invocation to his own funeral.—*New York Tribune.*

—A charitable Cincinnati man keeps a pair of dogs chained at his front door, so that poor people who stop to "get a bite" can be accommodated without taking the trouble to go in the house.

—Whitefeather, an Indian chief, is going to lecture on "What I know of Scalping."

To Country Merchants.

We do not know of any advice that we could give to those concerned in buying and selling, that will benefit all engaged in it, more than to recommend our dealers to lay in a small lot of *Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Cough Syrup*, a remedy of super-eminent value in all coughs, colds, horseness, bronchial and asthmatic affections, so inseparably connected with the characteristic changes incident to our locality. No sooner does the cold weather come upon us than we hear nearly every other person cough and sneeze in a manner that clearly betokens that unless it be attended to in time, it will be more than likely to lay the foundation of some serious or perhaps fatal disorder of the lungs, or some other of the organs of respiration. *Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup* has begun to be regarded as of priceless value in all these maladies, and ought to be kept in every house. One dose of it, taken at bed-time, will often arrest a pneumonia or pleurisy, thus saving expense, and oftentimes a life. "A stitch in time saves nine," is as true a maxim in disease as in anything else; and those who use *Dr. Keyser's Pectoral Syrup* for the first cough will never have pulmonary consumption. Sold by most druggists, at 75 cents per bottle, and at the Doctor's office for lung and chronic diseases, 167 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

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These time-pieces combine every improvement that a long experience has proved of real practical use. Having had the refusal of nearly every invention in watch making originating in the country or in Europe, only those were finally adopted which several testing by the most skillfull artisans in our works, and long use on the part of the public, demonstrated to be essential to correct and enduring time-keeping.

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